

Stock Code: 1452

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Financial Statements
and Independent Auditors' Review Report
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

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Independent Auditors' Review Report

To Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 and for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the consolidated statements of changes in equity, and cash flows for the six months then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the “consolidated financial statements”). Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparations of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standards on Review Engagements of the Republic of China 2410 “Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity”. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that caused us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the six months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” endorsed and

issued into effect by Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

The engagement partners on the reviews resulting in this independent auditors' review report are Jiunn-Huei Ko and Chun-Chun Chang.

BDO Taiwan

August 6, 2025

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the ROC and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the ROC.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the ROC. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheets

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Assets	Note	June 30, 2025 (Reviewed)		December 31, 2024 (Audited)		June 30, 2024 (Reviewed)		Liabilities and Equity	Note	June 30, 2025 (Reviewed)		December 31, 2024 (Audited)		June 30, 2024 (Reviewed)	
		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%			Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Current assets								Current liabilities							
Cash and cash equivalents	6(a)	\$ 551,703	19	\$ 837,020	28	\$ 826,622	27	Contract liabilities-current		\$ 1,486	-	\$ 2,095	-	\$ 2,131	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	6(b)	344,956	12	93,106	3	55,792	2	Notes payable	6(l)	30,124	1	26,982	1	24,615	1
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current	6(c)	11,219	-	12,621	-	14,554	1	Accounts payable	6(l)	6,619	-	9,753	-	10,611	-
								Other payables	6(m)	109,057	4	82,821	3	104,898	4
Financial assets at amortized cost-current	6(d)	585,387	20	595,387	20	566,387	18	Current tax liabilities		258	-	8,289	-	8,941	-
Notes receivable, net	6(e)	8,265	-	23,220	1	54,285	2	Provisions-current	6(n)	5,213	-	5,213	-	5,140	-
Accounts receivable, net	6(e)	160,264	6	199,370	7	217,726	7	Lease liabilities-current	6(dd)	1,051	-	1,788	-	1,754	-
Other receivables		11,526	-	2,417	-	3,963	-	Other current liabilities		3,674	-	2,799	-	3,064	-
Current tax assets		961	-	335	-	335	-	Total current liabilities		157,482	5	139,740	4	161,154	5
Inventories	6(f)	243,888	9	220,615	7	223,489	7	Non-current liabilities							
Prepayments	6(g)	107,690	4	143,130	5	136,828	5	Deferred income tax liabilities		45,587	2	46,424	2	45,788	2
Other current assets		1,679	-	955	-	1,233	-	Lease liabilities-non-current	6(dd)	-	-	151	-	1,051	-
Total current assets		2,027,538	70	2,128,176	71	2,101,214	69	Other non-current liabilities		350	-	350	-	350	-
Non-current assets								Total non-current liabilities		45,937	2	46,925	2	47,189	2
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	6(c)	398,808	14	363,611	12	470,008	15	Total liabilities		203,419	7	186,665	6	208,343	7
Property, plant and equipment	6(h)	441,742	15	455,709	16	470,304	15	Equity							
Right-of-use assets	6(i)	1,024	-	1,902	-	2,779	-	Equity attributable to owners of the parent							
Investment properties, net	6(j)	2,980	-	2,980	-	2,980	-	Share capital	6(p)						
Intangible assets	6(k)	1,010	-	936	-	1,170	-	Common stock		1,326,414	46	1,326,414	45	1,326,414	43
Deferred income tax assets		16,430	1	15,276	1	15,591	1	Capital surplus	6(q)	156,172	5	155,459	5	155,459	5
Other non-current assets	6(o)	10,582	-	10,559	-	2,999	-	Retained earnings	6(r)						
Total non-current assets		872,576	30	850,973	29	965,831	31	Legal reserve		401,387	14	392,700	13	392,700	13
								Special reserve		129,113	4	129,113	4	129,113	4
								Unappropriated earnings		421,437	15	560,421	19	518,309	17
								Other equity interest	6(s)	262,172	9	228,377	8	336,707	11
								Total equity attributable to owners of the parent		2,696,695	93	2,792,484	94	2,858,702	93
								Total equity		2,696,695	93	2,792,484	94	2,858,702	93
Total assets		\$ 2,900,114	100	\$ 2,979,149	100	\$ 3,067,045	100	Total liabilities and equity		\$ 2,900,114	100	\$ 2,979,149	100	\$ 3,067,045	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
(Reviewed, Not Audited)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Item	Note	For the Three Months Ended June 30				For the Six Months Ended June 30			
		2025		2024		2025		2024	
		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Operating revenue	6(t)	\$ 348,955	100	\$ 447,849	100	\$ 699,049	100	\$ 779,853	100
Operating costs	6(u),(v)	(338,807)	(97)	(429,190)	(96)	(674,157)	(96)	(743,539)	(95)
Gross profit		10,148	3	18,659	4	24,892	4	36,314	5
Operating expenses	6(v)								
Selling expenses		(10,863)	(3)	(12,013)	(3)	(21,899)	(3)	(23,035)	(3)
Administrative expenses		(10,047)	(3)	(14,719)	(3)	(20,788)	(3)	(25,396)	(3)
Research and development expenses		(1,840)	-	(2,464)	(1)	(3,810)	(1)	(4,503)	(1)
Expected credit impairment gain (loss)		119	-	(784)	-	347	-	(436)	-
Total operating expenses		(22,631)	(6)	(29,980)	(7)	(46,150)	(7)	(53,370)	(7)
Operating income (loss)		(12,483)	(3)	(11,321)	(3)	(21,258)	(3)	(17,056)	(2)
Non-operating income and expenses									
Interest income	6(w)	4,841	1	5,270	1	9,835	1	9,939	1
Other income	6(x)	10,617	3	2,468	1	12,503	2	2,639	-
Other gains and losses	6(y)	(57,269)	(16)	57,620	13	(66,636)	(9)	60,619	8
Finance costs	6(z)	(6)	-	(14)	-	(14)	-	(31)	-
Total non-operating income and expenses		(41,817)	(12)	65,344	15	(44,312)	(6)	73,166	9
Income (loss) before income tax		(54,300)	(15)	54,023	12	(65,570)	(9)	56,110	7
Income tax benefits (expenses)	6(aa)	1,619	-	(6,024)	(1)	1,594	-	(11,348)	(1)
Net income (loss)		(52,681)	(15)	47,999	11	(63,976)	(9)	44,762	6
Other comprehensive income									
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss									
Unrealised gains (losses) from equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(s)	19,940	6	67,915	15	33,795	5	119,043	15
Total other comprehensive income		19,940	6	67,915	15	33,795	5	119,043	15
Total comprehensive income		\$ (32,741)	(9)	\$ 115,914	26	\$ (30,181)	(4)	\$ 163,805	21
Net income (loss) attributable to:									
Owners of the parent		\$ (52,681)	(15)	\$ 47,999	11	\$ (63,976)	(9)	\$ 44,762	6
Comprehensive income attributable to:									
Owners of the parent		\$ (32,741)	(9)	\$ 115,914	26	\$ (30,181)	(4)	\$ 163,805	21
Earnings per share	6(bb)								
Basic earnings per share (NT\$)		\$ (0.39)		\$ 0.36		\$ (0.48)		\$ 0.34	
Diluted earnings per share (NT\$)		\$ (0.39)		\$ 0.36		\$ (0.48)		\$ 0.34	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
(Reviewed, Not Audited)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Item	Retained earnings					Other equity interest	Total equity
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	
Balance as of January 1, 2024	\$ 1,326,414	\$ 154,694	\$ 387,489	\$ 129,113	\$ 518,550	\$ 217,664	\$ 2,733,924
Appropriation and distribution of earnings:							
Legal reserve	-	-	5,211	-	(5,211)	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(39,792)	-	(39,792)
Other changes in capital surplus	-	765	-	-	-	-	765
Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2024	-	-	-	-	44,762	-	44,762
Other comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2024	-	-	-	-	-	119,043	119,043
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	44,762	119,043	163,805
Balance as of June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 1,326,414</u>	<u>\$ 155,459</u>	<u>\$ 392,700</u>	<u>\$ 129,113</u>	<u>\$ 518,309</u>	<u>\$ 336,707</u>	<u>\$ 2,858,702</u>
Balance as of January 1, 2025	\$ 1,326,414	\$ 155,459	\$ 392,700	\$ 129,113	\$ 560,421	\$ 228,377	\$ 2,792,484
Appropriation and distribution of earnings:							
Legal reserve	-	-	8,687	-	(8,687)	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(66,321)	-	(66,321)
Other changes in capital surplus	-	713	-	-	-	-	713
Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2025	-	-	-	-	(63,976)	-	(63,976)
Other comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2025	-	-	-	-	-	33,795	33,795
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(63,976)	33,795	(30,181)
Balance as of June 30, 2025	<u>\$ 1,326,414</u>	<u>\$ 156,172</u>	<u>\$ 401,387</u>	<u>\$ 129,113</u>	<u>\$ 421,437</u>	<u>\$ 262,172</u>	<u>\$ 2,696,695</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Reviewed, Not Audited)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Item	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income (loss) before income tax	\$ (65,570)	\$ 56,110
Adjustments		
Revenue and expense		
Depreciation expense	22,927	22,572
Amortization expense	316	328
Expected credit impairment loss (gain)	(347)	436
Net loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	62,399	33,294
Interest expense	14	31
Interest income	(9,835)	(9,939)
Dividend income	(10,412)	(2,263)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(822)	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(314,249)	109,827
Notes receivable	15,106	1,839
Accounts receivable	39,302	(48,964)
Other receivables	170	(2,096)
Inventories	(23,273)	17,390
Prepaid expenses	801	669
Prepayments	34,639	(33,645)
Other current assets	(724)	(752)
Net defined benefit assets	(21)	81
Contract liabilities	(609)	432
Notes payable	2,961	2,743
Accounts payable	(3,134)	2,293
Other payables	(40,087)	(9,855)
Other current liabilities	875	670
Cash generated (used) from operations	(289,573)	141,201
Interest received	10,305	9,498
Dividends received	662	2,263
Income tax paid	(9,053)	(1,259)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	(287,659)	151,703
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost	(200,000)	-
Proceeds from repayments of financial assets at amortized cost	210,000	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(7,901)	(1,436)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	822	-
Acquisition of intangible assets	(390)	(305)
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	2,531	(1,741)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Payment of lease liabilities	(888)	(857)
Interest paid	(14)	(31)
Other financing activities	713	765
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(189)	(123)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(285,317)	149,839
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	837,020	676,783
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 551,703	\$ 826,622

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024
(Reviewed, Not Audited)
(Amounts in thousands of NTD, unless specified otherwise)

1. Company History

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. (the “Company”) was established in August 1968 in accordance with the Company Act of R.O.C. The Company and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) are principally engaged in the manufacture, processing, import and export, and domestic and international sales of natural and artificial fiber products, with the objective of diversified operations.

2. Approval of Financial Statements

The Consolidated Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on August 6, 2025.

3. Application of New and Amended Standards and Interpretations

a. Effect of adopting newly issued and amended IFRSs recognised by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”)

The newly issued, amended and revised IFRSs and interpretations thereof applicable for 2025, as recognised by the FSC, are listed below:

New/Revised/Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date of Issuance by the IASB
Amendments to IAS 21 “Lack of Exchangeability”	January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have been assessed to have no material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

b. Effect of not yet adopting newly issued and amended IFRSs recognised by the FSC

The newly issued, amended and revised IFRSs and interpretations thereof applicable for 2025, as recognised by the FSC, are listed below:

New/Revised/Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date of Issuance by the IASB
Specific provisions of Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 “Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments”	January 1, 2026

The above standards and interpretations have been assessed to have no material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

c. New IFRSs issued by the IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New/Revised/Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date of Issuance by the IASB
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 “Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture”	To be determined by IASB
IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 “Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 - Comparative information”	January 1, 2023
Specific provisions of Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 “Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments”	January 1, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 “Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity”	January 1, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 18 “Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements”	January 1, 2027
Amendments to IFRS 19 “Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures”	January 1, 2027
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11	January 1, 2026

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have been assessed to have no material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

IFRS 18, “Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements,” replaces IAS 1. The standard introduces a defined structure of the statement of profit or loss, disclosure requirements related to management which defined performance measures, and enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation that apply to the primary financial statements and notes.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are described below. Unless otherwise stated, these policies apply consistently throughout the reporting period.

a. Statement of declaration

- 1) The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” and IAS 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.
- 2) These consolidated financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

b. Basis of preparation

- 1) The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, except for the significant items listed below:
 - a) Financial assets and liabilities (including derivatives) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - c) The net defined benefit assets and liabilities recognised by the net pension fund assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

- 2) The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates, and the application of which requires management judgment, items involving a high degree of judgment or complexity, or items involving significant assumptions and estimates in the consolidated financial statements, as described in Note 5.

c. Basis of consolidation

- 1) The basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements is consistent with the 2024 consolidated financial statements.

- 2) Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Percentage of shareholding		
			June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
The Company	Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment	100%	100%	100%

- 3) Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- 4) Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- 5) Significant restrictions: None.
- 6) Subsidiaries with non-controlling equity that are material to the Group: None.

d. Other significant accounting policies

Except for the explanations in Notes 4 e to 4 f, the accounting policies adopted in the consolidated financial statements are the same as those in the 2024 consolidated financial statements. For the summary of significant accounting policies, please refer to Note 4 of the 2024 consolidated financial statements.

e. Employee benefits

Pensions

Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. And, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

f. Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The interim period income tax expense is accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to

expected total annual earnings, that is, the estimated average annual effective income tax rate applied to the profit before tax of the interim period.

If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

5. Critical Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

The same critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty have been followed when preparing these interim consolidated financial statements as those that were applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, please refer to Note 5 of 2024 consolidated financial statements.

6. Details of Significant Accounts

a. Cash and cash equivalents

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$160	\$160	\$160
Cash in banks	247,510	226,773	355,111
Cash equivalents			
Time deposits	99,250	32,735	32,400
Bonds with repurchase rights	204,783	577,352	438,951
Total	<u>\$551,703</u>	<u>\$837,020</u>	<u>\$826,622</u>

The Group has dealings with a number of creditworthy financial institutions to diversify its credit risk and the possibility of breach of contract is expected to be low.

The above time deposits and bonds with repurchase rights are convertible into cash at any time within 3 months from the date of purchase to the maturity date and are subject to a low risk of change in value.

b. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss			
Stocks from listed companies	\$355,974	\$38,354	\$-
Beneficiary certificate	51,078	54,449	54,449
Valuation adjustment	(62,096)	303	1,343
Total	<u>\$344,956</u>	<u>\$93,106</u>	<u>\$55,792</u>

- 1) Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit (loss)	\$(42,538)	\$55,893
Dividend income	<u>\$9,750</u>	<u>\$-</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit (loss)	\$(53,446)	\$53,243
Dividend income	<u>\$9,750</u>	<u>\$-</u>

- 2) Please refer to Note 12 c for the information on fair value of financial instruments through profit or loss.

c. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Current items:			
Stocks from listed companies	\$5,098	\$5,098	\$5,098
Valuation adjustment	6,121	7,523	9,456
Subtotal	<u>11,219</u>	<u>12,621</u>	<u>14,554</u>
Non-current items:			
Stocks from unlisted and emerging companies	142,757	142,757	142,757
Valuation adjustment	256,051	220,854	327,251
Subtotal	<u>398,808</u>	<u>363,611</u>	<u>470,008</u>
Total	<u>\$410,027</u>	<u>\$376,232</u>	<u>\$484,562</u>

- 1) Comprehensive income generated from financial assets recognised at fair value through other comprehensive income are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income	\$19,940	\$67,915
Dividend income recognised in profit or loss		
Hold at end of period	\$662	\$2,263

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income	\$33,795	\$119,043
Dividend income recognised in profit or loss		
Hold at end of period	\$662	\$2,263

- 2) The Group has elected to classify the investments in equity instruments that are considered to be strategic investments and stable dividend receipts as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, and the fair values of these investments were equal to their carrying amounts as of June 30, 2025, December 31 and June 30, 2024, respectively.
- 3) Please refer to Note 12 c for the information on the fair value of financial instruments through other comprehensive income.

d. Financial assets at amortized cost

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Current items:			
Time deposits with original maturity over three months	\$585,387	\$595,387	\$566,387

- 1) Statements of the gain or loss generated from financial assets recognised at amortized cost are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Interest income	\$2,470	\$2,234
	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Interest income	\$4,976	\$4,379

2) The Group holds financial assets measured at amortized cost with the maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of each reporting period equal to their carrying amounts.

3) Please refer to Note 12 b for related credit risk information.

e. Notes and accounts receivable

Notes receivable

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Notes receivable	\$8,349	\$23,455	\$54,834
Less: loss allowance	(84)	(235)	(549)
Total	<u>\$8,265</u>	<u>\$23,220</u>	<u>\$54,285</u>

Accounts receivable

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Accounts receivable	\$161,271	\$200,573	\$219,329
Less: loss allowance	(1,007)	(1,203)	(1,603)
Total	<u>\$160,264</u>	<u>\$199,370</u>	<u>\$217,726</u>

1) The carrying amount of notes and accounts receivable at the end of each reporting period is the amount of the maximum exposure to credit risk without regard to collateral held or other credit enhancements. Please refer to Note 12 b for relevant information on the credit risk of notes and accounts receivable.

2) The aging analysis is as follows:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
1~60 days	\$169,620	\$223,428	\$274,163
61~90 days	-	600	-
Total	<u>\$169,620</u>	<u>\$224,028</u>	<u>\$274,163</u>

The above is an aging analysis based on the account establishment date.

f. Inventories

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Raw materials	\$32,619	\$49,765	\$36,435
Supplies	14,780	12,956	13,408
Work in progress	3,527	4,624	4,973
Finished goods	192,962	153,270	168,673
Total	<u>\$243,888</u>	<u>\$220,615</u>	<u>\$223,489</u>

- 1) In addition to the cost of inventories sold, the details of inventory-related losses (gains) recognised as the cost of goods sold are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Gain from price recovery of inventories	\$(2,207)	\$(1,360)
Unallocated manufacturing overhead	4,135	3,236
Total	<u>\$1,928</u>	<u>\$1,876</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Gain from price recovery of inventories	\$(777)	\$(3,930)
Unallocated manufacturing overhead	7,393	12,291
Total	<u>\$6,616</u>	<u>\$8,361</u>

- 2) The gain from price recovery of net realizable value of inventories recognised for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were mainly caused by selling inactive inventories.
- 3) The allowance for inventory valuation losses as of June 30, 2025, December 31 and June 30, 2024 were \$33,637 , \$34,414 and \$36,017, respectively.

g. Prepayments

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Prepayments for goods	\$105,107	\$139,746	\$134,199
Prepaid insurance	739	1,711	588
Other prepayments	1,844	1,673	2,041
Total	<u>\$107,690</u>	<u>\$143,130</u>	<u>\$136,828</u>

h. Property, plant and equipment

	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Transportation equipment	Others	Equipment under acceptance	Total
<u>January 1, 2025</u>							
Cost	\$272,958	\$177,849	\$1,116,643	\$19,311	\$177,058	\$1,634	\$1,765,453
Accumulated depreciation	-	(150,903)	(975,715)	(12,479)	(170,647)	-	(1,309,744)
Net amount	<u>\$272,958</u>	<u>\$26,946</u>	<u>\$140,928</u>	<u>\$6,832</u>	<u>\$6,411</u>	<u>\$1,634</u>	<u>\$455,709</u>
January 1	\$272,958	\$26,946	\$140,928	\$6,832	\$6,411	\$1,634	\$455,709
Additions	-	1,200	1,375	3,738	1,588	181	8,082
Disposals and retirements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	-	(1,121)	(18,500)	(1,070)	(1,358)	-	(22,049)
June 30	<u>\$272,958</u>	<u>\$27,025</u>	<u>\$123,803</u>	<u>\$9,500</u>	<u>\$6,641</u>	<u>\$1,815</u>	<u>\$441,742</u>
<u>June 30, 2025</u>							
Cost	\$272,958	\$179,049	\$1,118,018	\$19,886	\$178,481	\$1,815	\$1,770,207
Accumulated depreciation	-	(152,024)	(994,215)	(10,386)	(171,840)	-	(1,328,465)
Net amount	<u>\$272,958</u>	<u>\$27,025</u>	<u>\$123,803</u>	<u>\$9,500</u>	<u>\$6,641</u>	<u>\$1,815</u>	<u>\$441,742</u>
	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Transportation equipment	Others	Equipment under acceptance	Total
<u>January 1, 2024</u>							
Cost	\$272,958	\$177,849	\$1,115,872	\$19,248	\$174,911	\$1,634	\$1,762,472
Accumulated depreciation	-	(148,815)	(938,395)	(16,233)	(168,467)	-	(1,271,910)
Net amount	<u>\$272,958</u>	<u>\$29,034</u>	<u>\$177,477</u>	<u>\$3,015</u>	<u>\$6,444</u>	<u>\$1,634</u>	<u>\$490,562</u>
January 1	\$272,958	\$29,034	\$177,477	\$3,015	\$6,444	\$1,634	\$490,562
Additions	-	-	140	824	472	-	1,436
Disposals and retirements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	-	(1,048)	(18,702)	(516)	(1,428)	-	(21,694)
June 30	<u>\$272,958</u>	<u>\$27,986</u>	<u>\$158,915</u>	<u>\$3,323</u>	<u>\$5,488</u>	<u>\$1,634</u>	<u>\$470,304</u>
<u>June 30, 2024</u>							
Cost	\$272,958	\$177,849	\$1,116,012	\$19,545	\$175,265	\$1,634	\$1,763,263
Accumulated depreciation	-	(149,863)	(957,097)	(16,222)	(169,777)	-	(1,292,959)
Net amount	<u>\$272,958</u>	<u>\$27,986</u>	<u>\$158,915</u>	<u>\$3,323</u>	<u>\$5,488</u>	<u>\$1,634</u>	<u>\$470,304</u>

- 1) The significant components of the Group's buildings, including main buildings, alteration works and repair works, are depreciated over their useful lives of 55 years, 15 years and 2 years, respectively; the significant components of machinery, including main equipment and auxiliary equipment, are depreciated over their useful lives of 12 years and 5 years, respectively.
- 2) Please refer to Note 8 for the information on guarantees provided by property, plant and equipment.

i. Leasing arrangements - lessee

- 1) The subject of the Group's lease is a building for office use and the lease agreement is for a period of two years. Lease agreements are individually negotiated and contain various terms and conditions, with no restrictions other than that the leased assets may not be used as collateral for borrowings.
- 2) Options to extend lease and terminate lease

The Group takes into account all facts and circumstances where the exercise of the extension option, or the non-exercise of the termination option, would create an economic incentive when determining the lease term. Upon the occurrence of an event material to the exercise of the extension option or the non-exercise of the termination option, the lease period will be re-estimated.

- 3) The carrying amount of the right-of-use assets and the depreciation expense recognised are as follows:

	Right-of-use assets	
	2025	2024
January 1		
Cost	\$12,299	\$12,299
Accumulated depreciation	(10,397)	(8,642)
Net amount	<u>\$1,902</u>	<u>\$3,657</u>
January 1	\$1,902	\$3,657
Depreciation	(878)	(878)
June 30	<u>\$1,024</u>	<u>\$2,779</u>
June 30		
Cost	\$12,299	\$12,299
Accumulated depreciation	(11,275)	(9,520)
Net amount	<u>\$1,024</u>	<u>\$2,779</u>

- 4) Information on the profit or loss items related to lease contracts is as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
<u>Items affecting profit or loss</u>		
Interest expenses of lease liabilities	\$6	\$14
Expenses under short-term lease contracts	81	54
	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
<u>Items affecting profit or loss</u>		
Interest expenses of lease liabilities	\$14	\$31
Expenses under short-term lease contracts	162	108

- 5) The total lease cash outflows were \$902 and \$888 for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

j. Investment properties

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Land	<u>\$2,980</u>	<u>\$2,980</u>	<u>\$2,980</u>

- 1) The Group auctioned and bought the land mortgaged by the customer, which was agricultural land and could not be transferred to the Group yet. It is currently registered in one of the directors' name of the Group and a charge is created to the Group as a security measure.
- 2) Investment property held by the Group is not measured at fair value but only discloses information about its fair value, which is in level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair values as of June 30, 2025, December 31 and June 30, 2024 were both \$12,975. The aforementioned fair values have not been evaluated by independent external professional appraisers, and the fair values were determined based on market evidence, using market quotes from neighboring locations, and the unobservable input value is the transaction price.

k. Intangible assets

	Computer Software	
	2025	2024
January 1		
Cost	\$1,786	\$1,854
Accumulated amortization	(850)	(661)
Net amount	<u>\$936</u>	<u>\$1,193</u>
January 1	\$936	\$1,193
Additions	390	305
Amortization expense	(316)	(328)
June 30	<u>\$1,010</u>	<u>\$1,170</u>
June 30		
Cost	\$2,176	\$1,933
Accumulated amortization	(1,166)	(763)
Net amount	<u>\$1,010</u>	<u>\$1,170</u>

Derecognition amount after amortization were \$0 and \$226 for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

l. Notes and accounts payable

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Notes payable			
Notes payable	\$17,750	\$18,660	\$17,605
Other notes payable	12,374	8,322	7,010
Subtotal	30,124	26,982	24,615
Accounts payable	6,619	9,753	10,611
Total	<u>\$36,743</u>	<u>\$36,735</u>	<u>\$35,226</u>

m. Other payables

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Salaries payable	\$19,642	\$47,720	\$31,445
Employee compensation payable	-	5,645	3,192
Director remuneration payable	-	1,956	1,093
Dividend payable	66,321	-	39,792
Business taxes payable	518	4,423	2,069
Utilities payable	12,322	13,347	13,788
Others	10,254	9,730	13,519
Total	<u>\$109,057</u>	<u>\$82,821</u>	<u>\$104,898</u>

n. Provisions - current

The provision is an estimate of the cost of short-term accumulating compensated absences for employees. The Group estimates the probability of employee benefits based on historical experience, management's judgment and other known reasons, and recognises the current profit or loss when the relevant employees are entitled to the vested rights.

There has no significant changes in the Group's provision for the six months ended June 30, 2025. For relevant information, please refer to Note 6 n of the 2024 consolidated financial statements.

o. Pensions

1) Defined benefit plans

The Group has a defined benefit pension plan under the Labor Standards Act that applies to all regular employees' service years prior to the implementation of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005, and subsequent service years of employees who elect to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. For employees who are eligible for retirement, pension payments are based on the basis of years of service and the average

salary for the last six months prior to retirement. The Group makes monthly contributions of 2% of the total salaries of employees subject to the defined benefit plan to a retirement fund, which is deposited in the name of the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee in a special account in the Bank of Taiwan. As the amount of retirement reserve appropriated has exceeded the estimated defined benefit obligation, the Group has applied for and obtained approval from the Taipei City Government Department of Labor to suspend appropriations for a period of 12 months starting from March 2025.

- a) The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Net defined benefit assets (listed under other non-current assets)	\$9,978	\$9,957	\$2,397

- b) The pension costs (gains) under the defined benefit plan were \$(24), \$62, \$(8) and \$123 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

2) Defined contribution plans

- a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Group has established a defined contribution pension plan (the “New Plan”) under the Labor Pension Act. Under the New Plan, the Group contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees’ monthly salaries and wages to the employees’ individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- b) The Group recognised pension costs of \$1,352, \$1,288, \$2,697 and \$2,508 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, under the defined contribution pension plan, which were transferred to the individual accounts of the Bureau of Labor Insurance.

p. Common stock

As of June 30, 2025, the Company’s authorized capital was \$2,600,000 and the paid-in capital was \$1,326,414, with a par value of NT\$10 per share divided into 132,641 thousand shares, which were all common stock and have been authorized and outstanding.

q. Capital surplus

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Capital surplus - treasury shares transactions	\$139,539	\$139,539	\$139,539
Capital surplus - gain from disposal of assets	11,421	11,421	11,421
Capital surplus - others	5,212	4,499	4,499
Total	<u>\$156,172</u>	<u>\$155,459</u>	<u>\$155,459</u>

In accordance with the relevant laws and regulations, capital surplus may be used to cover deficits, except when the legal reserve is insufficient to cover deficits, and capital surplus from the issuance of shares in excess of par value and from gifts may be capitalized or given as cash in accordance with the resolution of the shareholders' meeting, and may not be used for other purposes. When capitalized with the aforementioned capital surplus, the deficit should be covered first.

r. Retained earnings

1) Legal reserve

In accordance with the Company Act and Letter Chin-Sheng-Zi No. 10802432410 from the Ministry of Economic Affairs, the Company shall set aside 10% of the net income for the current period plus the amount of items other than net income for the current period added to the current year's undistributed earnings as legal reserve until it equals the total paid-in capital. The legal reserve may only be used to offset deficit, except that when the Company has no deficit, the excess of the legal reserve over 25% of the paid-in capital may be issued in new shares or cash by resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

2) Special reserve

Upon the first-time adoption of IFRSs, a special reserve of the same amount shall be provided for the unrealized revaluation increment and cumulative translation adjustment (gain) under stockholders' equity, respectively, that are transferred to retained earnings as a result of the election to apply IFRS 1 exemptions. However, if the increase in retained earnings resulting from the initial adoption of IFRSs at the date of transition to IFRSs is not sufficient, it may be provided only for the increase in retained earnings due to conversion to IFRSs. Where relevant assets are subsequently used, disposed of or reclassified, the original proportion of special reserve may be reversed for the distribution of earnings. The increase in retained earnings due to the conversion of IFRSs was \$129,113, and therefore a special reserve was provided in accordance with the law.

In accordance with the regulations of the FSC, in addition to the legal reserve, a public company shall, in accordance with Article 41, Paragraph 1 of the Securities and Exchange Act, record a net decrease in other equity. Such as unrealized gain or loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operating institutions, or revaluation increment, the same amount of special reserve is provided from the current period's net

income plus the adjustments other than net income for the current year, which must be added to the current year's undistributed earnings. If a net decrease in other equity was accumulated in prior periods, the same amount of special reserve from prior period's undistributed earnings shall not be distributed. If there is a subsequent reversal of the net decrease in other equity, the reversal may be reversed to a special reserve for distribution of earnings.

If a special reserve is provided for in accordance with IFRSs for the first time, a special reserve should be provided for the difference between the amount provided and the amount required to be provided for in the preceding paragraph. If there is a subsequent reversal of the net decrease in other equity, the reversal may be reversed to a special reserve for distribution of earnings.

3) The Company's dividend policy

In the event that the Company, according to the final settlement, earns profits in a fiscal year, such profits shall first be set aside to pay the applicable taxes, plus adjustments other than net income for the current year, which must be added to the current year's undistributed earnings, offset losses, set aside for 10% of legal reserve, unless the legal reserve has reached the Company's total paid-up capital. The remainder, after setting aside or reversing the special reserve as required by law, is added with the adjustment to the retained earnings as the earnings available for distribution of the current year. Any further remaining profits plus accumulated undistributed earnings shall be distributed in accordance with the proposal submitted by the Board, for approval at a shareholders' meeting.

Where the Company distributes all or part of earnings, legal reserve and capital reserve in the form of cash, it shall authorize the Board of Directors with over two-thirds of the directors attending the meeting and conduct after approval of a majority of the directors attending the meeting, which shall be reported to the shareholders' meeting.

The Company is in a volatile industrial environment, and in response to changes in the economy and the market, capital expenditures must continue to increase. In consideration of future capital requirements, the distribution of dividends to shareholders should be no less than 30% of the current period's distributable earnings, including a cash dividend of no less than 10% of the current year's total dividends, when the current period is resolved.

4) The appropriations of the 2024 and 2023 earnings of the Company approved by Board of Directors on February 26, 2025 and February 29, 2024, respectively, were as follow:

	2024		2023	
	Amount	Dividends per share (NT\$)	Amount	Dividends per share (NT\$)
Cash dividends	<u>\$66,321</u>	\$0.5	<u>\$39,792</u>	\$0.3

Please visit the Market Observation Post System of the Taiwan Stock Exchange for information on cash distribution proposed by the Board of Directors with a resolution.

s. Other equity interest

	2025	2024
Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		
January 1	\$228,377	\$217,664
Valuation adjustment	33,795	119,043
June 30	<u>\$262,172</u>	<u>\$336,707</u>

t. Operating revenue

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Revenue from polyester draw textured yarn	\$348,864	\$447,826
Others	91	23
Total	<u>\$348,955</u>	<u>\$447,849</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Revenue from polyester draw textured yarn	\$698,930	\$779,771
Others	119	82
Total	<u>\$699,049</u>	<u>\$779,853</u>

Information on revenue by region from contracts with customers:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Taiwan	\$331,505	\$435,122
South America	1,299	2,532
Asia	15,437	9,936
Oceania	714	259
Subtotal for the foreign region	17,450	12,727
Total	<u>\$348,955</u>	<u>\$447,849</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Taiwan	\$658,825	\$755,770
South America	2,616	2,532
Europe	-	405
Asia	36,894	20,887
Oceania	714	259
Subtotal for the foreign region	40,224	24,083
Total	<u>\$699,049</u>	<u>\$779,853</u>

Revenue by region is classified according to the geographic location of the customer.

u. Operating costs

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Cost of goods sold	<u>\$338,807</u>	<u>\$429,190</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
	\$674,157	\$743,539
Cost of goods sold		

v. Additional information on the nature of expenses

- 1) Employee benefit expenses, depreciation and amortization expenses by function are summarized as follows:

By Function By Nature	For the Three Months Ended June 30					
	2025			2024		
	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total
Employee benefit expenses						
Salary expenses	\$25,424	\$10,574	\$35,998	\$33,392	\$16,565	\$49,957
Labor and health insurance fees	3,365	613	3,978	2,766	623	3,389
Pension expenses	886	442	1,328	931	419	1,350
Other employee benefit expenses	2,164	314	2,478	2,174	389	2,563
Depreciation expense	10,476	1,052	11,528	10,442	778	11,220
Amortization expense	51	113	164	53	121	174

By Function By Nature	For the Six Months Ended June 30					
	2025			2024		
	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total
Employee benefit expenses						
Salary expenses	\$54,368	\$22,123	\$76,491	\$60,930	\$28,374	\$89,304
Labor and health insurance fees	6,986	1,662	8,648	5,655	1,649	7,304
Pension expenses	1,888	801	2,689	1,805	826	2,631
Other employee benefit expenses	4,309	638	4,947	4,096	727	4,823
Depreciation expense	20,867	2,060	22,927	20,999	1,573	22,572
Amortization expense	101	215	316	111	217	328

- 2) Relevant information of the Company's employee and director remuneration:

- a) According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, if the Company has profits in a fiscal year, it shall set aside not more than 2% of the profits as director remuneration and 4% of the profits as employee compensation. However, if the Company has accumulated losses, it shall first reserve a certain amount for offsetting losses. Of the total employee compensation amount mentioned above, no less than 45% should be allocated for non-executive employees. The aforementioned employee compensation is paid to employees of the subordinate companies who meet certain criteria.
- b) The compensation to employees and directors for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2024 was estimated based on the income before income tax and compensation to employees and directors. If employee compensation is paid by

shares, the basis for calculating the number of shares is the “closing price on the date of one day before the Board of Directors' resolution”.

- c) For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2024, employee compensation were estimated at \$2,183 and \$2,186, and director remuneration were estimated at \$1,092 and \$1,093. Both of these were recognised as operating costs and expenses. If the actual allotment amount differs from the estimated amount in a subsequent resolution, the difference is treated as a change in accounting estimate.

- d) Information on employee and director remuneration for 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	2024	2023
	February 26, 2025 approved by the Board of Directors with resolution	February 29, 2024 approved by the Board of Directors with resolution
Employee cash compensation	\$3,911	\$2,143
Director remuneration	1,956	1,072

There was no difference between the amount of employee and director remuneration for last year approved by the resolution of the Board of Directors and reported to the shareholders' meeting and the amount estimated in the financial statements. Please visit the Market Observation Post System of Taiwan Stock Exchange for relevant information.

- 3) Depreciation expense by function is summarized as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Operating costs	\$10,476	\$10,442
Selling expenses	222	226
Administrative expenses	678	390
Research and development expenses	152	162
Total	\$11,528	\$11,220

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Operating costs	\$20,867	\$20,999
Selling expenses	445	452
Administrative expenses	1,311	793
Research and development expenses	304	328
Total	\$22,927	\$22,572

- 4) Amortization expense by function is summarized as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Operating costs	\$51	\$53
Selling expenses	45	60
Administrative expenses	68	61
Total	\$164	\$174

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Operating costs	\$101	\$111
Selling expenses	86	110
Administrative expenses	129	107
Total	<u>\$316</u>	<u>\$328</u>

w. Interest income

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Interest from bank deposits	\$971	\$935
Interest from financial assets at amortized cost	2,470	2,234
Others	1,400	2,101
Total	<u>\$4,841</u>	<u>\$5,270</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Interest from bank deposits	\$1,414	\$1,716
Interest from financial assets at amortized cost	4,976	4,379
Others	3,445	3,844
Total	<u>\$9,835</u>	<u>\$9,939</u>

x. Other income

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Dividend income	\$10,412	\$2,263
Others	205	205
Total	<u>\$10,617</u>	<u>\$2,468</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Dividend income	\$10,412	\$2,263
Others	2,091	376
Total	<u>\$12,503</u>	<u>\$2,639</u>

y. Other gains and losses

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$822	\$-
Net foreign exchange gains (losses)	(15,553)	1,727
Net gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(42,538)	55,893
Total	<u>\$(57,269)</u>	<u>\$57,620</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$822	\$-
Net foreign exchange gains (losses)	(14,012)	7,376
Net gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(53,446)	53,243
Total	<u>\$(66,636)</u>	<u>\$60,619</u>

z. Finance costs

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Interest expense:		
Lease liabilities	<u>\$6</u>	<u>\$14</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Interest expense:		
Lease liabilities	<u>\$14</u>	<u>\$31</u>

aa. Income tax benefits (expenses)

The income tax rate applicable to both the years 2025 and 2024 was 20%.

1) Composition of income tax benefits (expenses)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Current income tax benefits (expenses)	\$(187)	\$(180)
Tax on undistributed earnings	28	-
Basic tax	(148)	(5,134)
Income tax overestimation (underestimation) for previous year	-	33
Total current income tax	<u>(307)</u>	<u>(5,281)</u>
Deferred income tax benefits (expenses):		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	1,926	(743)
Income tax benefits (expenses)	<u>\$1,619</u>	<u>\$(6,024)</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Current income tax benefits (expenses)	\$(249)	\$(333)
Tax on undistributed earnings	-	(355)
Basic tax	(148)	(8,934)
Income tax overestimation (underestimation) for previous year	-	20
Total current income tax	(397)	(9,602)
Deferred income tax benefits (expenses):		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	1,991	(1,746)
Income tax benefits (expenses)	<u>\$1,594</u>	<u>\$(11,348)</u>

- 2) Current and deferred income taxes on direct debit or credit interests were both \$0 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.
- 3) Income tax expenses related to components of other comprehensive income were both \$0 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.
- 4) The income tax returns of the Company and its subsidiary, Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd., have been examined and approved by the tax authorities until 2023.

bb. Earnings per share

- 1) Information on earnings per share

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
<u>Basic earnings per share:</u>		
Net income (loss)	<u>\$(52,681)</u>	<u>\$47,999</u>
Weighted-average number of outstanding shares (unit: thousand shares)	<u>132,641</u>	<u>132,641</u>
Basic earnings per share (NTD)	<u>\$(0.39)</u>	<u>\$0.36</u>
<u>Diluted earnings per share:</u>		
Net income (loss)	<u>\$(52,681)</u>	<u>\$47,999</u>
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share (unit: thousand shares)	<u>132,641</u>	<u>132,771</u>
Diluted earnings per share (NTD)	<u>\$(0.39)</u>	<u>\$0.36</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
<u>Basic earnings per share:</u>		
Net income (loss)	\$(63,976)	\$44,762
Weighted-average number of outstanding shares (unit: thousand shares)	132,641	132,641
Basic earnings per share (NTD)	\$(0.48)	\$0.34
<u>Diluted earnings per share:</u>		
Net income (loss)	\$(63,976)	\$44,762
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share (unit: thousand shares)	132,641	132,771
Diluted earnings per share (NTD)	\$(0.48)	\$0.34

- 2) The aforementioned weighted-average number of shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share (unit: thousand shares), the calculation is as follows:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding for basic earnings per share	132,641	132,641
Effect of potentially dilutive common shares:		
Employee compensation	-	130
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share	132,641	132,771

The calculation of diluted earnings per share assumes that employee compensation will be paid in the form of stock and is included in the weighted-average number of shares outstanding when the potential common stock has a dilutive effect to calculate diluted earnings per share. The closing price of the potential common stock on the end of the reporting period is used as the basis for determining the number of shares to be issued in the calculation of diluted earnings per share. The dilutive effect of these potential common shares will continue to be considered in the calculation of diluted earnings per share before the Board of Directors resolves to adopt a cash basis for employee compensation payments in the following year.

cc. Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$8,082	\$1,436
Less: Payables for equipment at end of period	(181)	-
Cash paid	\$7,901	\$1,436

dd. Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Lease liabilities (including current and non-current)	
	2025	2024
January 1	\$1,939	\$3,662
Changes in cash flow	(888)	(857)
June 30	<u>\$1,051</u>	<u>\$2,805</u>

ee. Seasonality of operations

The operating revenue and profit occur on average, and they are not significantly affected by season.

7. Related Party Transactions

a. Significant related party transactions: None.

b. Key management compensation

	For the Three Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$4,703	\$10,100
Post-employment benefits	111	137
Total	<u>\$4,814</u>	<u>\$10,237</u>

	For the Six Months Ended June 30	
	2025	2024
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$10,080	\$16,400
Post-employment benefits	141	273
Total	<u>\$10,221</u>	<u>\$16,673</u>

The post-employment benefits are the amounts contributed to the pension fund account in accordance with the Labor Pension Act and the pension cost recognised in accordance with the actuarial report.

8. Guaranteed or Pledged Assets

The Group's assets guaranteed as collateral are as follows:

	Carrying amount			Usage
	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024	
Property, plant and equipment:				
Land	\$272,496	\$272,496	\$272,496	Consolidated loan amount guarantee
Buildings	27,025	26,946	27,986	Consolidated loan amount guarantee
Total	<u>\$299,521</u>	<u>\$299,442</u>	<u>\$300,482</u>	

9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognised Commitments

As of June 30, 2025, the Group had issued post-dated checks for prepaid rental and purchase payments amounting to \$8,370 and had not yet paid.

10. Significant Disaster Loss: None.

11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date: None.

12. Others

a. Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. Therefore, based on the characteristics of the current operating industry and the expected future development, and taking into account factors such as changes in the external environment, the Group has planned the working capital requirements for future periods and determined the applicable capital structure.

The Group monitors capital by regularly reviewing the debt ratio, which is defined as total equity as shown in the balance sheet.

The Group's strategy for the six months ended June 30, 2025 remained the same as that for 2024, which was to increase liquidity and maintain the debt ratio at an appropriate level. The debt ratio of the Group is as follows:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Total liabilities	\$203,419	\$186,665	\$208,343
Total assets	2,900,114	2,979,149	3,067,045
Debt ratio	7.01%	6.27%	6.79%

b. Financial instruments

1) Category of financial instruments

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Financial assets			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$344,956	\$93,106	\$55,792
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Equity instruments	410,027	376,232	484,562
Financial assets at amortized cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	551,703	837,020	826,622
Financial assets at amortized cost (Note)	585,387	595,387	566,387
Notes receivable	8,265	23,220	54,285
Accounts receivable	160,264	199,370	217,726
Other receivables	11,526	2,417	3,963
Total	<u>\$2,072,128</u>	<u>\$2,126,752</u>	<u>\$2,209,337</u>
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortized cost			
Payables	\$145,800	\$119,556	\$140,124
Lease liabilities	1,051	1,939	2,805
Total	<u>\$146,851</u>	<u>\$121,495</u>	<u>\$142,929</u>

Note: They are time deposits with original maturity over three months.

2) Information on fair value of financial instruments

a) Financial instruments not measured at fair value:

- i. The carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value and includes cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, financial assets at amortized cost, notes payable, accounts payable and other payables.
- ii. The fair value of the lease liabilities was obtained by discounting the amount of the lease contracts at the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

b) Please refer to Note 12 c for the information on fair value of financial instruments.

3) Financial risk management policies

- a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to mitigate potential adverse effects on the financial position and financial performance.

- b) Risk management is carried out in accordance with the policies approved by the Board of Directors. The General Manager's Office is responsible for coordinating the planning, while the Finance Department is responsible for identifying, assessing and avoiding financial risks by working closely with the operating units. The Board of Directors provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, and the investment of excess liquidity.
- 4) Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks
- a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currencies, primarily with respect to the US dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii The management of the Group has policies in place to manage exchange rate risk of functional currencies. To manage the exchange rate risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities, the Group sets stop-loss points mainly based on risk tolerance and market conditions to control possible losses within the expected range, and therefore should not have significant market risk.
- iii The Group's operations involve non-functional currencies that are subject to exchange rate fluctuations, and information on foreign currency assets and liabilities that are subject to significant exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

June 30, 2025						
	Foreign currency (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Sensitivity analysis		
				Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on equity
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
(Foreign currency: functional currency)						
USD: NTD	\$4,216	29.25	\$123,328	1%	\$987	\$-
December 31, 2024						
	Foreign currency (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Sensitivity analysis		
				Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on equity
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
(Foreign currency: functional currency)						
USD: NTD	\$3,110	32.735	\$101,809	1%	\$814	\$-

June 30, 2024						
	Foreign currency (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Sensitivity analysis		
				Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on equity
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
(Foreign currency: functional currency)						
USD: NTD	\$3,385	32.40	\$109,671	1%	\$877	\$-

- iv Non-functional currencies are aggregated to disclose information on significant items of exchange gains or losses

The net exchange (losses) gains on monetary assets that were significantly affected by exchange rate fluctuations were \$(15,553), \$1,727, \$(14,012) and \$7,376 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Price risk

- i The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its investment portfolio in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii The Group's investments in equity instruments issued by domestic listed companies, domestic non-public companies and open-end funds. The prices of equity instruments are affected by the uncertainty of the future value of the underlying investments. If the price of these equity instruments had increased or decreased by 1%, with all other factors held constant, pre-tax net income would have increased or decreased by \$3,450 and \$558 for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and other comprehensive income would have increased or decreased by \$4,100 and \$4,846, respectively.

Interest rate risk

The Group had no borrowing facilities as of June 30, 2025, December 31 and June 30, 2024, and therefore had no significant interest rate risk.

b) Credit risk

- i Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss resulting from the failure of customers or counter-parties to financial instruments to meet their contractual obligations. The Group's credit risk arises primarily from the failure of counterparties to settle accounts receivable on collection terms and from contractual cash flows from investments in debt instruments classified as measured at amortized cost.

- ii The Group's credit risk management is based on a group perspective. Only banks and financial institutions with an independent credit rating of at least Standard & Poor's BBB level will be accepted as trading counterparties. In accordance with an internally defined credit policy, each operating entity within the Group and each new customer are required to manage and analyze their credit risk before setting the terms and conditions for payment and delivery. Internal risk controls are used to assess the creditworthiness of customers by considering their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are established by the Board of Directors based on internal or external evaluations, and the use of credit limits is monitored regularly.
- iii The Group has adopted the following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
 - (1) A financial asset is considered to be subject to a significant increase in credit risk upon initial recognition when the contractual payments are more than 30 days past due in accordance with the contractual terms.
 - (2) Investments in bonds traded on the OTC are considered to have low credit risk if they are rated as investment grade by any external rating agency as of the end of the reporting period.
 - (3) When an investment target with an independent credit rating is downgraded by two notches, the Group determines that the underlying credit risk of the investment target has increased significantly.
- iv The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable and applies the modified approach using provision matrix to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- v The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (1) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (2) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (3) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (4) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to default.
- vi The Group estimated the allowance for losses on accounts receivable based

on the loss rate established based on historical and timely information for a specific period, with an expected loss rate range of 0.37% to 100%.

vii Movement of loss allowance for receivable are as follows:

2025

	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Total
January 1	\$235	\$1,203	\$1,438
Reversal of impairment loss	(151)	(196)	(347)
June 30	<u>\$84</u>	<u>\$1,007</u>	<u>\$1,091</u>

2024

	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Total
January 1	\$567	\$1,149	\$1,716
The impairment loss set aside	-	454	454
Reversal of impairment loss	(18)	-	(18)
June 30	<u>\$549</u>	<u>\$1,603</u>	<u>\$2,152</u>

viii The total carrying amounts of investments in debt instruments measured at amortized cost for the current credit risk rating mechanism and credit-rated debt instruments were as follows:

Credit rating	Definition	Expected credit losses recognition basis	Carrying amount as of June 30, 2025	Carrying amount as of December 31, 2024	Carrying amount as of June 30, 2024
Normal	The credit risk of the debtor is minimal and the debtor has sufficient capacity to settle the contractual cash flows	12-month expected credit loss	\$585,387	\$595,387	\$566,387
Doubtful	Credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition	Lifetime expected credit loss (uncredited impairment)	-	-	-
In default	Evidence of credit impairment is available	Lifetime expected credit loss (credited impairment)	-	-	-
Write-off	Evidence that the debtor is in serious financial difficulty and that the Group has no reasonable expectation of recovery	Direct write-off	-	-	-

The Group's investments in debt instruments measured at amortized cost consist of time deposits with original maturity over three months. The credit ratings of the issuers are approximately Standard & Poor's BBB level or higher, and the risk of

credit loss is expected to be minimal and is therefore measured at the amount invested.

c) Liquidity risk

- i Cash flow forecasts are performed by each operating unit within the Group and aggregated by the finance unit, which monitors the forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient funds to meet operating needs.
- ii The Group invests surplus funds in excess of working capital management requirements in interest-bearing demand deposits, time deposits and marketable securities in instruments selected to have appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to meet the above projections and to provide sufficient level of dispatch. As of June 30, 2025, December 31 and June 30, 2024, please refer to Note 6 for the description of each financial asset for the amounts held in these instruments and they are expected generate immediate cash flows to manage liquidity risk.
- iii The following table presents the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, grouped by the relevant maturity date and analysed based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date, expressed in undiscounted amounts.

June 30, 2025

<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Notes payable	\$30,124	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$30,124
Accounts payable	6,619	-	-	-	6,619
Other payables	109,057	-	-	-	109,057
Lease liabilities	1,056	-	-	-	1,056

December 31, 2024

<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Notes payable	\$26,982	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$26,982
Accounts payable	9,753	-	-	-	9,753
Other payables	82,821	-	-	-	82,821
Lease liabilities	1,807	151	-	-	1,958

June 30, 2024

<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Notes payable	\$24,615	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$24,615
Accounts payable	10,611	-	-	-	10,611
Other payables	104,898	-	-	-	104,898
Lease liabilities	1,791	1,056	-	-	2,847

The Group does not expect the timing of the cash flows for the maturity analysis to occur significantly earlier or the actual amounts to be significantly different.

c. Fair value

- 1) Please refer to Note 12 b for the fair value information of financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value.
- 2) Please refer to Note 6 j for the fair value information of investment properties measured at cost.
- 3) The following table presents the valuation techniques adopted for the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments. The definitions of the different levels are as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.
- 4) The financial instruments measured at fair value as of June 30, 2025, December 31 and June 30, 2024, based on the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and the fair value by level, were classified as follows:

<u>June 30, 2025</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:				
Recurring fair value				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity instruments	\$291,825	\$-	\$-	\$291,825
Beneficiary certificate	53,131	-	-	53,131
Subtotal	344,956	-	-	344,956
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments	11,219	-	398,808	410,027
Total	<u>\$356,175</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$398,808</u>	<u>\$754,983</u>

<u>December 31, 2024</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:				
Recurring fair value				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Equity instruments	\$36,900	\$-	\$-	\$36,900
Beneficiary certificate	56,206	-	-	56,206
Subtotal	93,106	-	-	93,106
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments	12,621	-	363,611	376,232
Total	<u>\$105,727</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$363,611</u>	<u>\$469,338</u>
 <u>June 30, 2024</u>	 <u>Level 1</u>	 <u>Level 2</u>	 <u>Level 3</u>	 <u>Total</u>
Assets:				
Recurring fair value				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Beneficiary certificate	\$55,792	\$-	\$-	\$55,792
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments	14,554	-	470,008	484,562
Total	<u>\$70,346</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$470,008</u>	<u>\$540,354</u>

5) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are follows:

- a) The instrument the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values are listed below by characteristics:

	<u>Stocks from listed companies</u>	<u>Open end funds</u>
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net assets value

- b) The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. A market is considered active when quotations are readily and regularly available from a stock exchange, dealer, broker, industry, valuation service or regulator, and when such quotations represent actual and regular market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market prices of financial assets held by the Group are closing prices, and these instruments are classified as Level 1. Level 1 instruments consist primarily of equity instruments and debt instruments, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss or financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- c) The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques will make as much use of observable market data as possible and rely as little as possible on firm-specific

estimates. A financial instrument is classified as Level 2 if all significant inputs required to calculate the fair value of the instrument are observable.

- d) A financial instrument is classified as Level 3 if one or more significant parameters are not based on observable markets. The Group's holdings of shares issued by non-public companies are valued using the market approach, based on the trading prices of comparable targets in an active market, taking into account the difference between the valuation targets and comparable targets, and using an appropriate multiplier to estimate the value of the valuation targets, adjusted for the effect of discount for lack of marketability. They belong to financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- e) Specific valuation techniques used to evaluate financial instruments include:
 - i Publicly quoted prices or dealer prices for the same type of instrument.
 - ii Other valuation techniques are used to determine the fair value of the remaining financial instruments, such as discounted cash flow analysis.
- f) Transfer between Level 1 and 2

There was no transfer between Level 1 and 2 for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

- g) The movement of Level 3 is as follows:

	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	
	Equity instruments without public quotation	
	2025	2024
January 1	\$363,611	\$349,980
Recognised in other comprehensive income (Listed as “unrealised gains (losses) from equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income”)	35,197	120,028
June 30	<u>\$398,808</u>	<u>\$470,008</u>

- h) The Group's valuation process for fair value classification in Level 3 uses an external professional appraiser to evaluate the independent fair value of the financial instruments. The results of the evaluation approximate market conditions through independent and objective source information, and are reevaluated periodically on an annual basis to update the input values, information and any other necessary fair value adjustments required by the valuation model to ensure that the valuation results are reasonable.
- i) The quantitative information and sensitivity analysis for the significant unobservable inputs in Level 3 of the fair value are as follows:

June 30, 2025

Item	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input value information	Relationship between input to fair value	Sensitivity analysis
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Stocks from non-listed companies	Market comparable companies	1. Liquidity discount rate 25% 2. Price-Book ratio multiplier 0.70~1.52	1. The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value 2. The higher the multiplier, the higher the fair value	1. If the liquidity discount rate increases/decreases by 1%, the equity will decrease/increase by \$5,268 2. If the multiplier increases/decreases by 1%, the equity will increase/decrease by \$4,037

December 31, 2024

Item	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input value information	Relationship between input to fair value	Sensitivity analysis
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Stocks from non-listed companies	Market comparable companies	1. Liquidity discount rate 25% 2. Price-Book ratio multiplier 0.80~1.69	1. The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value 2. The higher the multiplier, the higher the fair value	1. If the liquidity discount rate increases/decreases by 1%, the equity will decrease/increase by \$4,792 2. If the multiplier increases/decreases by 1%, the equity will increase/decrease by \$3,691

June 30, 2024

Item	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input value information	Relationship between input to fair value	Sensitivity analysis
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Stocks from non-listed companies	Market comparable companies	1. Liquidity discount rate 25% 2. Price-Book ratio multiplier 0.95~2.03	1. The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value 2. The higher the multiplier, the higher the fair value	1. If the liquidity discount rate increases/decreases by 1%, the equity will decrease/increase by \$6,258 2. If the multiplier increases/decreases by 1%, the equity will increase/decrease by \$4,709

13. Supplementary Disclosures

- a. Information on significant transactions and
- b. Information on investees

Number	Item	Table
1	Lending funds to others	None
2	Providing endorsements or guarantees for others	None
3	Holding of significant marketable securities at the end of the period (excluding the portion held due to investment in a subsidiary or an associate, and the portion held due to an interest in a joint venture)	Table 1
4	Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20 percent of paid-in capital or more	None
5	Accounts receivable from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20 percent of paid-in capital or more	None
6	Names, locations and other information of investee companies (excluding investees in Mainland China)	Table 2
7	The business relationship between the parent and the subsidiaries and between each subsidiary, and the circumstances and amounts of any significant transactions between them	None

- c. Information on investments in Mainland China: None.

14. Segment Information

The Group is in the textile industry and its main business is the processing and trading of artificial fibers. The nature, manufacturing process and marketing methods of its related products are similar, and its performance and resource allocation are measured by a single operating department, so information on operating departments is not disclosed separately.

Table 1 Holding of significant marketable securities at the end of the period (excluding the portion held due to investment in a subsidiary or an associate, and the portion held due to an interest in a joint venture)

Investing Company	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Securities Issuer	Financial Statement Account	June 30, 2025				Note
				Shares (in thousands)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership	Fair Value	
Hong Yi Fiber	Franklin Templeton SinoAm Money Market Fund/Beneficiary Certificate	—	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,181	\$12,829	—	\$12,829	
Hong Yi Fiber	FSITC Taiwan Money Market Fund/Beneficiary Certificate	—	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	83	1,329	—	1,329	
Hong Yi Fiber	Jih Sun Money Market Fund/Beneficiary Certificate	—	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	2,500	38,972	—	38,972	
Hong Yi Fiber	Pou Chen/Stock	—	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	3,750	116,063	0.13%	116,063	
Hong Yi Fiber	Evergreen Marine/Stock	—	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	150	29,850	0.01%	29,850	
Hong Yi Fiber	Universal Textile/Stock	—	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	758	11,219	0.58%	11,219	
Hong Yi Fiber	Li Jin Engineering/Stock	Hongbang Investment is the director of the Company	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	9,459	204,797	6.31%	204,797	
Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	Pou Chen/Stock	—	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	3,750	116,063	0.13%	116,063	
Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	Evergreen Marine/Stock	—	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	150	29,850	0.01%	29,850	
Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	Li Jin Engineering/Stock	Hongbang Investment is the director of the Company	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	7,194	155,753	4.80%	155,753	
Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	Hongxin Construction/Stock	—	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	2,200	28,578	3.67%	28,578	
Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	Yi Tong Fiber/Stock	—	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	283	9,680	0.64%	9,680	

Table 2 Names, locations and other information of investee companies (excluding investees in Mainland China)

Investor	Investee	Location	Main Business Activities	Initial Investment Amount		Balance as of June 30, 2025			Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	Investment Income (loss)	Note
				June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	Shares (in thousands)	Percentage	Carrying Amount			
Hong Yi Fiber	Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	R.O.C.	Investment	\$400,000	\$400,000	40,000	100%	\$490,805	\$(23,029)	\$(23,029)	