Stock Code: 1452

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Review Report For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2025 and 2024

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Independent Auditors' Review Report

To Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, the consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the three months then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparations of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standards on Review Engagements of the Republic of China 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that caused us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

The engagement partners on the reviews resulting in this independent auditors' review report are Jiunn-Huei Ko and Chun-Chun Chang.

BDO Taiwan

May 6, 2025

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the ROC and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the ROC.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the ROC. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets

Unit: NT\$ thousand

		March 31, 202 (Reviewed)		De	cember 31, 20 (Auidted)	024	N	March 31, 202 (Reviewed)	:4				arch 31, 202 (Reviewed)	25		ember 31, 20 (Auidted)	24	March 31, 2 (Reviewe	
Assets	Note	Amount	%	A	Amount	%	Α	Amount	%	Liabilities and Equity	Note	Aı	nount	%	A	mount	%	Amount	%
Current assets						· ·				Current liabilities	· ·	· · ·		·					
Cash and cash equivalents	6(a)	\$ 577,710	20	\$	837,020	28	\$	815,673	28	Contract liabilities-current		\$	4,346	-	\$	2,095	-	\$ 1,38	5 -
Financial assets at fair value	6(b)	321,169	11		93,106	3		82,242	3	Notes payable	6(l)		22,598	1		26,982	1	20,25	6 1
through profit or loss-current																			
										Accounts payable	6(l)		8,528	-		9,753	-	9,04	
Financial assets at fair value	6(c)	11,522	-		12,621	-		16,563	1	Other payables	6(m)		109,260	4		82,821	3	77,79	6 3
through other comprehensive																			
income-current										C P T T T T T			0.200			0.200		4.60	.0
Financial assets at amortized cost-	6(d)	605,387	21		595,387	20		566,387	19	Current tax liabilities Provisions-current	6(n)		8,289 5,213	-		8,289 5,213	-	4,62 5,14	
current	0(u)	003,387	21		393,367	20		300,387	19	Provisions-current	O(II)		3,213	-		3,213	-	3,14	0 -
Notes receivable, net	6(e)	18,680	1		23,220	1		33,143	1	Lease liabilities-current	6(cc)		1,498			1,788		1,73	7
Accounts receivable, net	6(e)	152,884	5		199,370	7		170,528	6		0(00)		3,552			2,799		3,04	
Other receivables	0(0)	2,408	-		2,417	-		1,856	_	Total current liabilities			163,284	- 5		139,740	4	123,02	
Current tax assets		611	_		335			328	_	Total current habilities		-	103,204			137,740		123,02	<u> </u>
Inventories	6(f)	241,061	8		220,615	7		246,235	8										
Prepayments	6(g)	148,686	5		143,130	5		73,103	3	Non-current liabilities									
Other current assets	V(B)	900	-		955	-		822	-	Deferred income tax liabilities			46,643	2		46,424	2	45,61	0 2
Total current assets		2,081,018	71		2,128,176	71		2,006,880	69	•	6(cc)		-	_		151	-	1,49	
								_,,,,,,,,		Other non-current liabilities	·()		350	_		350	_	35	
										Total non-current liabilities			46,993	2		46,925	2	47,45	
Non-current assets										Total liabilities			210,277	7		186,665	6	170,48	4 6
Financial assets at fair value	6(c)	378,565	13		363,611	12		400,084	14				210,277	<u> </u>		100,002	<u> </u>	1,0,10	<u> </u>
through other comprehensive	0(0)	370,202	10		505,011			.00,00.	• •										
income-non-current																			
										Equity									
Property, plant and equipment	6(h)	448,075	15		455,709	16		479,876	16	Equity attributable to owners of the									
										parent									
Right-of-use assets	6(i)	1,463	-		1,902	-		3,218	-	Share capital	6(p)								
Investment properties, net	6(j)	2,980	-		2,980	-		2,980	-	Common stock			1,326,414	45		1,326,414	45	1,326,41	
Intangible assets	6(k)	784	-		936	-		1,039	-	Capital surplus	6(q)		155,459	5		155,459	5	155,45	9 5
Deferred income tax assets		15,560	1		15,276	1		16,156	1	Retained earnings	6(r)								
Other non-current assets	6(o)	10,555			10,559			3,039		Legal reserve			392,700	13		392,700	13	387,48	
Total non-current assets	_	857,982	29		850,973	29		906,392	31	Special reserve			129,113	5		129,113	4	129,11	
										Unappropriated earnings			482,805	17		560,421	19	475,52	
										Other equity interest	6(s)		242,232	8		228,377	8	268,79	
										Total equity attributable to owners of			2,728,723	93		2,792,484	94	2,742,78	8 94
										the parent									
										Total equity			2,728,723	93		2,792,484	94	2,742,78	8 94
Total		e 2020.000	100	•	2.070.140	100	0	2.012.272	100	Treat the little and a mile.		•	2 020 000	100	•	2.070.140	100	e 2012.25	2 100
Total assets		\$ 2,939,000	100	\$	2,979,149	100		2,913,272	100	Total liabilities and equity		\$	2,939,000	100	\$	2,979,149	100	\$ 2,913,27	<u> 100</u>

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Reviewed, Not Audited)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

	For the Three Months Ended March 31							
			2025			2024		
Item	Note	An	nount	%	An	nount	%	
Operating revenue	6(t)	\$	350,094	100	\$	332,004	100	
Operating costs	6(u), (v)		(335,350)	(96)		(314,349)	(95)	
Gross profit		•	14,744	4		17,655	5	
Operating expenses	6(v)	•						
Selling expenses			(11,036)	(3)		(11,022)	(3)	
Administrative expenses			(10,741)	(3)		(10,677)	(3)	
Research and development expenses			(1,970)	-		(2,039)	(1)	
Expected credit impairment gain (loss)			228	-		348	-	
Total operating expenses			(23,519)	(6)		(23,390)	(7)	
Operating income (loss)			(8,775)	(2)		(5,735)	(2)	
Non-operating income and expenses								
Interest income	6(w)		4,994	1		4,669	2	
Other income	6(x)		1,886	-		171	-	
Other gains and losses	6(y)		(9,367)	(2)		2,999	1	
Finance costs	6(z)		(8)	-		(17)	-	
Total non-operating income and expenses			(2,495)	(1)		7,822	3	
Income (loss) before income tax			(11,270)	(3)		2,087	1	
Income tax benefits (expenses)	6(aa)		(25)	-		(5,324)	(2)	
Net income (loss)			(11,295)	(3)		(3,237)	(1)	
Other comprehensive income								
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss								
Unrealised gains (losses) from equity instruments	6(s)		13,855	4		51,128	15	
measured at fair value through other								
comprehensive income								
Total other comprehensive income			13,855	4		51,128	15	
Total comprehensive income		\$	2,560	1	\$	47,891	14	
Net income (loss) attributable to:						:		
Owners of the parent		\$	(11,295)	(3)	\$	(3,237)	(1)	
Comprehensive income attributable to:								
Owners of the parent		S	2,560	1	\$	47,891	14	
Earnings per share	6(bb)		2,000	<u> </u>		.,,0,1		
Basic earnings per share (NT\$)	0(00)	\$	(0.09)		•	(0.02)		
Diluted earnings per share (NT\$)		3	(0.09)		\$	(0.02)		

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Reviewed, Not Audited)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

							Retair	ned earnings		Other	equity interest	
<u> Item</u>	Cor	nmon stock	Cap	ital surplus	Leg	al reserve	Spec	cial reserve	appropriated ned earnings	on financ	ed gains (losses) cial assets at fair through other hensive income	 Total equity
Balance as of January 1, 2024	\$	1,326,414	\$	154,694	\$	387,489	\$	129,113	\$ 518,550	\$	217,664	\$ 2,733,924
Appropriation and distribution of earnings:												
Cash dividends		-		-		-		-	(39,792)		-	(39,792)
Other changes in capital surplus		-		765		-		-	-		-	765
Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2024		-		-		-		-	(3,237)		-	(3,237)
Other comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2024		-		-		-		-	-		51,128	51,128
Total comprehensive income								-	(3,237)		51,128	47,891
Balance as of March 31, 2024	\$	1,326,414	\$	155,459	\$	387,489	\$	129,113	\$ 475,521	\$	268,792	\$ 2,742,788
Balance as of January 1, 2025 Appropriation and distribution of earnings:	\$	1,326,414	\$	155,459	\$	392,700	\$	129,113	\$ 560,421	\$	228,377	\$ 2,792,484
Cash dividends		-		-		-		-	(66,321)		-	(66,321)
Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2025		-		-		-		-	(11,295)		-	(11,295)
Other comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2025		-		_				-	 -		13,855	 13,855
Total comprehensive income									(11,295)		13,855	 2,560
Balance as of March 31, 2025	\$	1,326,414	\$	155,459	\$	392,700	\$	129,113	\$ 482,805	\$	242,232	\$ 2,728,723

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Reviewed, Not Audited)

			Unit	: NT\$ thousand
			Ome	. N 1 \$ thousand
		For the Three Months	Ended March	n 31
Item		2025	20	024
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income (loss) before income tax	\$	(11,270)	\$	2,087
Adjustments				
Revenue and expense				
Depreciation expense		11,399		11,352
Amortization expense		152		154
Expected credit impairment loss (gain)		(228)		(348)
Net loss (gain) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		11,097		38,328
Interest expense		8		17
Interest income		(4,994)		(4,669)
Other items		=		(1)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(239,160)		78,343
Notes receivable		4,586		23,195
Accounts receivable		46,668		(1,196)
Other receivables		52		124
Inventories		(20,446)		(5,356)
Prepaid expenses		390		435
Prepayments		(5,946)		30,314
Other current assets		55		(341)
Net defined benefit assets		4		41
Contract liabilities		2,251		(314)
Notes payable		(4,384)		(1,616)
Accounts payable		(1,225)		725
Other payables		(39,881)		(36,957)
Other current liabilities		753		646
Cash generated (used) from operations		(250,119)		134,963
Interest received		4,950		4,103
Income tax refunded (paid)		(366)		(270)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	•	(245,535)		138,796
Cash flows from investing activities	•			
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost		(200,000)		_
Proceeds from repayments of financial assets at amortized cost		190,000		_
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(3,326)		(227)
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	-	(13,326)		(227)
Cash flows from financing activities		(15,520)		(==+)
Payment of lease liabilities		(441)		(427)
Interest paid		(8)		(17)
Other financing activities		(o) -		765
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities		(449)		321
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	(259,310)		138,890
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		837,020		676,783
Cash and cash equivalents at obeginning of period	\$	577,710	\$	815,673
cash and eash equivalents at end of period	Ψ	5//,/10	Ψ	013,073

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 (Reviewed, Not Audited)

(Amounts in thousands of NTD, unless specified otherwise)

1. <u>Company History</u>

Hong Yi Fiber Ind. Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was established in August 1968 in accordance with the Company Act of R.O.C. The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are principally engaged in the manufacture, processing, import and export, and domestic and international sales of natural and artificial fiber products, with the objective of diversified operations.

2. Approval of Financial Statements

The Consolidated Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on May 6, 2025.

3. Application of New and Amended Standards and Interpretations

a. <u>Effect of adopting newly issued and amended IFRSs recognised by the Financial Supervisory</u> Commission ("FSC")

The newly issued, amended and revised IFRSs and interpretations thereof applicable for 2025, as recognised by the FSC, are listed below:

New/Revised/Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date of Issuance
	by the IASB
Amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability"	January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have been assessed to have no material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

b. Effect of not yet adopting newly issued and amended IFRSs recognised by the FSC

The newly issued, amended and revised IFRSs and interpretations thereof applicable for 2025, as recognised by the FSC, are listed below:

New/Revised/Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date of Issuance
	by the IASB
Specific provisions of Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Amendments to	January 1, 2026
the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments"	

The above standards and interpretations have been assessed to have no material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

c. New IFRSs issued by the IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New/Revised/Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date of Issuance by the IASB
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets	To be determined by IASB
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 -	January 1, 2023
Comparative information"	
Specific provisions of Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Amendments to	January 1, 2026
the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments"	
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Contracts Referencing Nature-	January 1, 2026
dependent Electricity"	
Amendments to IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial	January 1, 2027
Statements"	
Amendments to IFRS 19 "Subsidiaries without Public Accountability:	January 1, 2027
Disclosures"	
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11	January 1, 2026

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have been assessed to have no material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

IFRS 18, "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements," replaces IAS 1. The standard introduces a defined structure of the statement of profit or loss, disclosure requirements related to management which defined performance measures, and enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation that apply to the primary financial statements and notes.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are described below. Unless otherwise stated, these policies apply consistently throughout the reporting period.

a. Statement of declaration

- The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.
- 2) These consolidated financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

b. Basis of preparation

- 1) The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, except for the significant items listed below:
 - a) Financial assets and liabilities (including derivatives) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - c) The net defined benefit assets and liabilities recognised by the net pension fund assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

2) The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates, and the application of which requires management judgment, items involving a high degree of judgment or complexity, or items involving significant assumptions and estimates in the consolidated financial statements, as described in Note 5.

c. Basis of consolidation

1) The basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements is consistent with the 2024 consolidated financial statements.

2) Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

				Percent	age of shareh	olding
-	ame of	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
The	Company	Hong Bang Investment	Investment	100%	100%	100%

- 3) Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- 4) Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- 5) Significant restrictions: None.
- 6) Subsidiaries with non-controlling equity that are material to the Group: None.

d. Other significant accounting policies

Except for the explanations in Notes 4 e to 4 f, the accounting policies adopted in the consolidated financial statements are the same as those in the 2024 consolidated financial statements. For the summary of significant accounting policies, please refer to Note 4 of the 2024 consolidated financial statements.

e. Employee benefits

Pensions

Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. And, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

f. <u>Income Tax</u>

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The interim period income tax expense is accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected

total annual earnings, that is, the estimated average annual effective income tax rate applied to the profit before tax of the interim period.

If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

5. <u>Critical Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty</u>

The same critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty have been followed when preparing these interim consolidated financial statements as those that were applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, please refer to Note 5 of 2024 consolidated financial statements.

6. Details of Significant Accounts

a. Cash and cash equivalents

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$160	\$160	\$160
Cash in banks	198,504	226,773	211,491
Cash equivalents			
Time deposits	83,155	32,735	31,950
Bonds with repurchase rights	295,891	577,352	572,072
Total	\$577,710	\$837,020	\$815,673

The Group has dealings with a number of creditworthy financial institutions to diversify its credit risk and the possibility of breach of contract is expected to be low.

The above time deposits and bonds with repurchase rights are convertible into cash at any time within 3 months from the date of purchase to the maturity date and are subject to a low risk of change in value.

b. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Financial assets mandatorily			
measured at fair value through			
profit or loss			
Stocks from listed companies	\$277,514	\$38,354	\$31,484
Beneficiary certificate	54,449	54,449	54,449
Valuation adjustment	(10,794)	303	(3,691)
Total	\$321,169	\$93,106	\$82,242

1) Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are as follows:

	For the Three Months 1	Ended March 31
	2025	2024
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair	\$(10,908)	\$(2,650)
value through profit (loss)		

2) Please refer to Note 12 c for the information on fair value of financial instruments through profit or loss.

c. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Current items:			
Stocks from listed companies	\$5,098	\$5,098	\$5,098
Valuation adjustment	6,424	7,523	11,465
Subtotal	11,522	12,621	16,563
Non-current items:			
Stocks from unlisted and emerging companies	142,757	142,757	142,757
Valuation adjustment	235,808	220,854	257,327
Subtotal	378,565	363,611	400,084
Total	\$390,087	\$376,232	\$416,647

1) Comprehensive income generated from financial assets recognised at fair value through other comprehensive income are as follows:

For the Three Months Ended March 31	
2025	2024
\$13,855	\$51,128
	2025

- 2) The Group has elected to classify the investments in equity instruments that are considered to be strategic investments and stable dividend receipts as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, and the fair values of these investments were equal to their carrying amounts as of March 31, 2025, December 31 and March 31, 2024, respectively.
- 3) Please refer to Note 12 c for the information on the fair value of financial instruments through other comprehensive income.

d. Financial assets at amortized cost

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Current items:			
Time deposits with original maturity over three months	\$605,387	\$595,387	\$566,387

1) Statements of the gain or loss generated from financial assets recognised at amortized cost are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2025	2024	
Interest income	\$2,506	\$2,145	

- 2) The Group holds financial assets measured at amortized cost with the maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of each reporting period equal to their carrying amounts.
- 3) Please refer to Note 12 b for related credit risk information.

e. Notes and accounts receivable

Notes receivable

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Notes receivable	\$18,869	\$23,455	\$33,478
Less: loss allowance	(189)	(235)	(335)
Total	\$18,680	\$23,220	\$33,143

Accounts receivable

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Accounts receivable	\$153,905	\$200,573	\$171,561
Less: loss allowance	(1,021)	(1,203)	(1,033)
Total	\$152,884	\$199,370	\$170,528

- 1) The carrying amount of notes and accounts receivable at the end of each reporting period is the amount of the maximum exposure to credit risk without regard to collateral held or other credit enhancements. Please refer to Note 12 b for relevant information on the credit risk of notes and accounts receivable.
- 2) The aging analysis is as follows:

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
1~60 days	\$172,774	\$223,428	\$204,968
61~90 days		600	71
Total	\$172,774	\$224,028	\$205,039

The above is an aging analysis based on the account establishment date.

f. <u>Inventories</u>

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Raw materials	\$38,710	\$49,765	\$32,098
Supplies	14,462	12,956	12,965
Work in progress	3,051	4,624	4,101
Finished goods	184,838	153,270	197,071
Total	\$241,061	\$220,615	\$246,235

1) In addition to the cost of inventories sold, the details of inventory-related losses (gains) recognised as the cost of goods sold are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2025	2024
Loss on inventory write-down (reversal of write-down)	\$1,430	\$(2,570)
Unallocated manufacturing overhead	3,258	9,055
Total	\$4,688	\$6,485

- 2) The gain from price recovery of net realizable value of inventories recognised for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was mainly due to the increase in international crude oil prices.
- 3) The allowance for inventory valuation losses as of March 31, 2025, December 31 and March 31, 2024 were \$35,844, \$34,414 and \$37,377, respectively.

g. Prepayments

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Prepayments for goods	\$145,296	\$139,746	\$70,240
Prepaid insurance	1,173	1,711	1,076
Other prepaid expenses	2,217	1,673	1,787
Total	\$148,686	\$143,130	\$73,103

h. Property, plant and equipment

	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Transportation equipment	Others	Equipment under acceptance	Total
January 1, 2025							
Cost	\$272,958	\$177,849	\$1,116,643	\$19,311	\$177,058	\$1,634	\$1,765,453
Accumulated	-	(150,903)	(975,715)	(12,479)	(170,647)	-	(1,309,744)
depreciation							
Net amount	\$272,958	\$26,946	\$140,928	\$6,832	\$6,411	\$1,634	\$455,709
January 1	\$272,958	\$26,946	\$140,928	\$6,832	\$6,411	\$1,634	\$455,709
Additions	· -	1,200	945	738	443	· -	3,326
Disposals and	-	· -	-	-	-	-	_
retirements							
Depreciation expense	-	(552)	(9,219)	(500)	(689)	-	(10,960)
March 31	\$272,958	\$27,594	\$132,654	\$7,070	\$6,165	\$1,634	\$448,075
March 31, 2025							
Cost	\$272,958	\$179,049	\$1,117,588	\$20,049	\$177,501	\$1,634	\$1,768,779
Accumulated	-	(151,455)	(984,934)	(12,979)	(171,336)	_	(1,320,704)
depreciation		. , ,	, ,	,			, , ,
Net amount	\$272,958	\$27,594	\$132,654	\$7,070	\$6,165	\$1,634	\$448,075
	Land	Buildings	Machinery	Transportation equipment	Others	Equipment under acceptance	Total
January 1, 2024	Land	Buildings	Machinery	equipment equipment	Others	Equipment under acceptance	Total
January 1, 2024 Cost	Land	Buildings	Machinery \$1,115,872	•	Others \$174,911		Total \$1,762,472
•				equipment		acceptance	
Cost		\$177,849	\$1,115,872	equipment \$19,248	\$174,911	acceptance	\$1,762,472
Cost Accumulated		\$177,849	\$1,115,872	equipment \$19,248	\$174,911	acceptance	\$1,762,472
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net amount	\$272,958 - \$272,958	\$177,849 (148,815) \$29,034	\$1,115,872 (938,395) \$177,477	\$19,248 (16,233) \$3,015	\$174,911 (168,467) \$6,444	\$1,634 - \$1,634	\$1,762,472 (1,271,910) \$490,562
Cost Accumulated depreciation	\$272,958	\$177,849 (148,815)	\$1,115,872 (938,395) \$177,477	\$19,248 (16,233)	\$174,911 (168,467)	\$1,634	\$1,762,472 (1,271,910)
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net amount January 1	\$272,958 - \$272,958	\$177,849 (148,815) \$29,034	\$1,115,872 (938,395) \$177,477	\$19,248 (16,233) \$3,015	\$174,911 (168,467) \$6,444	\$1,634 - \$1,634	\$1,762,472 (1,271,910) \$490,562
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net amount January 1 Additions	\$272,958 - \$272,958	\$177,849 (148,815) \$29,034	\$1,115,872 (938,395) \$177,477	\$19,248 (16,233) \$3,015	\$174,911 (168,467) \$6,444	\$1,634 - \$1,634	\$1,762,472 (1,271,910) \$490,562
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net amount January 1 Additions Disposals and	\$272,958 - \$272,958	\$177,849 (148,815) \$29,034	\$1,115,872 (938,395) \$177,477	\$19,248 (16,233) \$3,015	\$174,911 (168,467) \$6,444	\$1,634 - \$1,634	\$1,762,472 (1,271,910) \$490,562
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net amount January 1 Additions Disposals and retirements	\$272,958 - \$272,958	\$177,849 (148,815) \$29,034 \$29,034	\$1,115,872 (938,395) \$177,477 \$177,477 140	\$19,248 (16,233) \$3,015 \$3,015	\$174,911 (168,467) \$6,444 \$6,444 87	\$1,634 - \$1,634	\$1,762,472 (1,271,910) \$490,562 \$490,562 227
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net amount January 1 Additions Disposals and retirements Depreciation expense March 31	\$272,958 - \$272,958 \$272,958 - -	\$177,849 (148,815) \$29,034 \$29,034 - (524)	\$1,115,872 (938,395) \$177,477 \$177,477 140 - (9,365)	\$19,248 (16,233) \$3,015 \$3,015	\$174,911 (168,467) \$6,444 \$6,444 87 - (778)	\$1,634 \$1,634 \$1,634	\$1,762,472 (1,271,910) \$490,562 \$490,562 227 - (10,913)
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net amount January 1 Additions Disposals and retirements Depreciation expense	\$272,958 - \$272,958 \$272,958 - -	\$177,849 (148,815) \$29,034 \$29,034 - (524) \$28,510	\$1,115,872 (938,395) \$177,477 \$177,477 140 - (9,365)	\$19,248 (16,233) \$3,015 \$3,015 - (246) \$2,769	\$174,911 (168,467) \$6,444 \$6,444 87 - (778) \$5,753	\$1,634 \$1,634 \$1,634	\$1,762,472 (1,271,910) \$490,562 \$490,562 227 - (10,913) \$479,876
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net amount January 1 Additions Disposals and retirements Depreciation expense March 31 March 31, 2024	\$272,958 - \$272,958 \$272,958 - - - \$272,958	\$177,849 (148,815) \$29,034 \$29,034 - (524)	\$1,115,872 (938,395) \$177,477 \$177,477 140 - (9,365) \$168,252	\$19,248 (16,233) \$3,015 \$3,015	\$174,911 (168,467) \$6,444 \$6,444 87 - (778)	\$1,634 \$1,634 \$1,634 \$1,634	\$1,762,472 (1,271,910) \$490,562 \$490,562 227 - (10,913)
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net amount January 1 Additions Disposals and retirements Depreciation expense March 31 March 31, 2024 Cost	\$272,958 - \$272,958 \$272,958 - - - \$272,958	\$177,849 (148,815) \$29,034 \$29,034 - (524) \$28,510	\$1,115,872 (938,395) \$177,477 \$177,477 140 - (9,365) \$168,252	\$19,248 (16,233) \$3,015 \$3,015 - (246) \$2,769	\$174,911 (168,467) \$6,444 \$6,444 87 - (778) \$5,753	\$1,634 \$1,634 \$1,634 \$1,634	\$1,762,472 (1,271,910) \$490,562 \$490,562 227 - (10,913) \$479,876
Cost Accumulated depreciation Net amount January 1 Additions Disposals and retirements Depreciation expense March 31 March 31, 2024 Cost Accumulated	\$272,958 - \$272,958 \$272,958 - - - \$272,958	\$177,849 (148,815) \$29,034 \$29,034 - (524) \$28,510	\$1,115,872 (938,395) \$177,477 \$177,477 140 - (9,365) \$168,252	\$19,248 (16,233) \$3,015 \$3,015 - (246) \$2,769	\$174,911 (168,467) \$6,444 \$6,444 87 - (778) \$5,753	\$1,634 \$1,634 \$1,634 \$1,634	\$1,762,472 (1,271,910) \$490,562 \$490,562 227 - (10,913) \$479,876

- 1) The significant components of the Group's buildings, including main buildings, alteration works and repair works, are depreciated over their useful lives of 55 years, 15 years and 2 years, respectively; the significant components of machinery, including main equipment and auxiliary equipment, are depreciated over their useful lives of 12 years and 5 years, respectively.
- 2) Please refer to Note 8 for the information on guarantees provided by property, plant and equipment.

i. Leasing arrangements - lessee

1) The subject of the Group's lease is a building for office use and the lease agreement is for a period of two years. Lease agreements are individually negotiated and contain various terms and conditions, with no restrictions other than that the leased assets may not be used as collateral for borrowings.

2) Options to extend lease and terminate lease

The Group takes into account all facts and circumstances where the exercise of the extension option, or the non-exercise of the termination option, would create an economic incentive when determining the lease term. Upon the occurrence of an event material to the exercise of the extension option or the non-exercise of the termination option, the lease period will be re-estimated.

3) The carrying amount of the right-of-use assets and the depreciation expense recognised are as follows:

	Right-of-use assets		
	2025	2024	
January 1	¢12.200	¢12 200	
Cost Accumulated depreciation	\$12,299 (10,397)	\$12,299 (8,642)	
Net amount	\$1,902	\$3,657	
January 1	\$1,902	\$3,657	
Depreciation	(439)	(439)	
March 31	\$1,463	\$3,218	
March 31			
Cost	\$12,299	\$12,299	
Accumulated depreciation	(10,836)	(9,081)	
Net amount	\$1,463	\$3,218	

4) Information on the profit or loss items related to lease contracts is as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2025	2024
Items affecting profit or loss		
Interest expenses of lease liabilities	\$8	\$17
Expenses under short-term lease contracts	81	54

The total lease cash outflows were \$449 and \$444 for the years ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

j. <u>Investment properties</u>

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Land	\$2,980	\$2,980	\$2,980

- 1) The Group auctioned and bought the land mortgaged by the customer, which was agricultural land and could not be transferred to the Group yet. It is currently registered in one of the directors' name of the Group and a charge is created to the Group as a security measure.
- 2) Investment property held by the Group is not measured at fair value but only discloses information about its fair value, which is in level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair values as of March 31, 2025, December 31 and March 31, 2024 were \$12,975, \$12,975 and \$12,969. The aforementioned fair values have not been evaluated by independent external professional appraisers, and the fair values were determined based on market evidence, using market quotes from neighboring locations, and the unobservable input value is the transaction price per ping.

k. <u>Intangible assets</u>

	Computer Software		
	2025	2024	
January 1			
Cost	\$1,786	\$1,854	
Accumulated amortization	(850)	(661)	
Net amount	\$936	\$1,193	
January 1	\$936	\$1,193	
Amortization expense	(152)	(154)	
March 31	\$784	\$1,039	

	Computer Software		
	2025	2024	
March 31			
Cost	\$1,786	\$1,854	
Accumulated amortization	(1,002)	(815)	
Net amount	\$784	\$1,039	

Derecognization amount after amortization were both \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

1. Notes and accounts payable

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Notes payable			
Notes payable	\$16,537	\$18,660	\$14,557
Other notes payable	6,061	8,322	5,699
Subtotal	22,598	26,982	20,256
Accounts payable	8,528	9,753	9,043
Total	\$31,126	\$36,735	\$29,299

m. Other payables

March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
\$13,890	\$47,720	\$14,109
3,911	5,645	2,146
1,956	1,956	1,073
66,321	-	39,792
-	4,423	1,822
10,740	13,347	8,544
12,442	9,730	10,310
\$109,260	\$82,821	\$77,796
	3,911 1,956 66,321 - 10,740 12,442	\$13,890 \$47,720 3,911 5,645 1,956 1,956 66,321 - 4,423 10,740 13,347 12,442 9,730

n. Provisions - current

The provision is an estimate of the cost of short-term accumulating compensated absences for employees. The Group estimates the probability of employee benefits based on historical experience, management's judgment and other known reasons, and recognises the current profit or loss when the relevant employees are entitled to the vested rights.

There has no significant changes in the Group's provision for the three months ended March 31, 2025. For relevant information, please refer to Note 6 n of the 2024 consolidated financial statements.

o. Pensions

1) Defined benefit plans

The Group has a defined benefit pension plan under the Labor Standards Act that applies to all regular employees' service years prior to the implementation of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005, and subsequent service years of employees who elect to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. For employees who are eligible for retirement, pension payments are based on the basis of years of service and the average salary for the last six months prior to retirement. The Group makes monthly contributions of 2% of the total salaries of employees subject to the defined benefit plan to a retirement fund, which is deposited in the name of the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee in a special account in the Bank of Taiwan.

a) The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Net defined benefit assets (listed under other non-current assets)	\$9,953	\$9,957	\$2,437

b) The pension costs under the defined benefit plan were \$16 and \$61 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

2) Defined contribution plans

- a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Group has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act. Under the New Plan, the Group contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- b) The Group recognised pension costs of \$1,345 and \$1,220 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, under the defined contribution pension plan, which were transferred to the individual accounts of the Bureau of Labor Insurance.

p. Common stock

As of March 31, 2025, the Company's authorized capital was \$2,600,000 and the paid-in capital was \$1,326,414, with a par value of NT\$10 per share divided into 132,641 thousand shares, which were all common stock and have been authorized and outstanding.

q. Capital surplus

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Capital surplus - treasury shares	\$139,539	\$139,539	\$139,539
transactions			
Capital surplus - gain from	11,421	11,421	11,421
disposal of assets			
Capital surplus - others	4,499	4,499	4,499
Total	\$155,459	\$155,459	\$155,459

In accordance with the relevant laws and regulations, capital surplus may be used to cover deficits, except when the legal reserve is insufficient to cover deficits, and capital surplus from the issuance of shares in excess of par value and from gifts may be capitalized or given as cash in accordance with the resolution of the shareholders' meeting, and may not be used for other purposes. When capitalized with the aforementioned capital surplus, the deficit should be covered first.

r. Retained earnings

1) Legal reserve

In accordance with the Company Act and Letter Chin-Sheng-Zi No. 10802432410 from the Ministry of Economic Affairs, the Company shall set aside 10% of the net income for the current period plus the amount of items other than net income for the current period added to the current year's undistributed earnings as legal reserve until it equals the total paid-in capital. The legal reserve may only be used to offset deficit, except that when the Company has no deficit, the excess of the legal reserve over 25% of the paid-in capital may be issued in new shares or cash by resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

2) Special reserve

Upon the first-time adoption of IFRSs, a special reserve of the same amount shall be provided for the unrealized revaluation increment and cumulative translation adjustment (gain) under stockholders' equity, respectively, that are transferred to retained earnings as a result of the election to apply IFRS 1 exemptions. However, if the increase in retained earnings resulting from the initial adoption of IFRSs at the date of transition to IFRSs is not sufficient, it may be provided only for the increase in retained earnings due to conversion to IFRSs. Where relevant assets are subsequently used, disposed of or reclassified, the original proportion of special reserve may be reversed for the distribution of earnings. The increase in retained earnings due to the conversion of IFRSs was \$129,113, and therefore a special reserve was provided in accordance with the law.

In accordance with the regulations of the FSC, in addition to the legal reserve, a public company shall, in accordance with Article 41, Paragraph 1 of the Securities and Exchange Act, record a net decrease in other equity. Such as unrealized gain or loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operating institutions, or revaluation increment, the same amount of special reserve is provided from the current period's net income plus the

adjustments other than net income for the current year, which must be added to the current year's undistributed earnings. If a net decrease in other equity was accumulated in prior periods, the same amount of special reserve from prior period's undistributed earnings shall not be distributed. If there is a subsequent reversal of the net decrease in other equity, the reversal may be reversed to a special reserve for distribution of earnings.

If a special reserve is provided for in accordance with IFRSs for the first time, a special reserve should be provided for the difference between the amount provided and the amount required to be provided for in the preceding paragraph. If there is a subsequent reversal of the net decrease in other equity, the reversal may be reversed to a special reserve for distribution of earnings.

3) The Company's dividend policy

In the event that the Company, according to the final settlement, earns profits in a fiscal year, such profits shall first be set aside to pay the applicable taxes, plus adjustments other than net income for the current year, which must be added to the current year's undistributed earnings, offset losses, set aside for 10% of legal reserve, unless the legal reserve has reached the Company's total paid-up capital. The remainder, after setting aside or reversing the special reserve as required by law, is added with the adjustment to the retained earnings as the earnings available for distribution of the current year. Any further remaining profits plus accumulated undistributed earnings shall be distributed in accordance with the proposal submitted by the Board, for approval at a shareholders' meeting.

Where the Company distributes all or part of earnings, legal reserve and capital reserve in the form of cash, it shall authorize the Board of Directors with over two-thirds of the directors attending the meeting and conduct after approval of a majority of the directors attending the meeting, which shall be reported to the shareholders' meeting.

The Company is in a volatile industrial environment, and in response to changes in the economy and the market, capital expenditures must continue to increase. In consideration of future capital requirements, the distribution of dividends to shareholders should be no less than 30% of the current period's distributable earnings, including a cash dividend of no less than 10% of the current year's total dividends, when the current period is resolved.

4) The appropriations of the 2024 and 2023 earnings of the Company approved by Board of Directors on February 26, 2025 and February 29, 2024, respectively, were as follow:

	202	4	202	3
	Amount	Dividends per	Amount	Dividends per
		share (NT\$)		share (NT\$)
Cash dividends	\$66,321	\$0.5	\$39,792	\$0.3

Please visit the Market Observation Post System of the Taiwan Stock Exchange for information on cash distribution proposed by the Board of Directors with a resolution.

s. Other equity interest

	2025	2024
Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets		
at fair value through other comprehensive		
income		
January 1	\$228,377	\$217,664
Valuation adjustment	13,855	51,128
March 31	\$242,232	\$268,792

t. Operating revenue

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
2025		2024
Revenue from polyester draw textured yarn	\$350,066	\$331,945
Others	28	59
Total	\$350,094	\$332,004

Information on revenue by region from contracts with customers:

For the Three Months Ended March 31		
2025	2024	
\$327,320	\$320,648	
1,317	-	
-	405	
21,457	10,951	
22,774	11,356	
\$350,094	\$332,004	
	2025 \$327,320 1,317 - 21,457 22,774	

Revenue by region is classified according to the geographic location of the customer.

u. Operating costs

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2025 2024		
Cost of goods sold	\$335,350	\$314,349	

v. Additional information on the nature of expenses

 Employee benefit expenses, depreciation and amortization expenses by function are summarized as follows:

By Function	For the Three Months Ended March 31					
		2025		2024		
By Nature	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total
Employee benefit						
expenses						
Salary expenses	\$28,944	\$11,549	\$40,493	\$27,538	\$11,809	\$39,347
Labor and health	3,621	1,049	4,670	2,889	1,026	3,915
insurance fees						
Pension expenses	1,002	359	1,361	874	407	1,281
Other employee	2,145	324	2,469	1,922	338	2,260
benefit expenses						
Depreciation expense	10,391	1,008	11,399	10,557	795	11,352
Amortization expense	50	102	152	58	96	154

- 2) Relevant information of the Company's employee and director remuneration:
 - a) According to the Company's Articles of Incorporations, if the Company has profits in a fiscal year, it shall set aside not more than 2% of the profits as director remuneration and 4% of the profits as employee compensation. However, if the Company has accumulated losses, it shall first reserve a certain amount for offsetting losses. The aforementioned employee compensation is paid to employees of the subordinate companies who meet certain criteria.
 - b) The compensation to employees and directors for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was estimated based on the income before income tax and compensation to employees and directors. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the basis for calculating the number of shares is the "closing price on the date of one day before the Board of Directors' resolution".
 - c) For the three months ended March 31, 2024, employee compensation was estimated at \$3, and director remuneration was estimated at \$1. Both of these were recognised as operating costs and expenses. If the actual allotment amount differs from the estimated amount in a subsequent resolution, the difference is treated as a change in accounting estimate.
 - d) Information on employee and director remuneration for 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	2024	2023
	February 26, 2025	February 29, 2024
	Approved by the	Approved by the
	Board of Directors	Board of Directors
	with resolution	with resolution
Employee cash compensation	\$3,911	\$2,143
Director remuneration	1,956	1,072

There was no difference between the amount of employee and director remuneration for last year approved by the resolution of the Board of Directors and reported to the shareholders' meeting and the amount estimated in the financial statements. Please visit the Market Observation Post System of Taiwan Stock Exchange for relevant information.

3) Depreciation expense by function is summarized as follows:

	For the Three Months	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2025	2024	
Operating costs	\$10,391	\$10,557	
Selling expenses	223	226	
Administrative expenses	633	403	
Research and development expenses	152	166	
Total	\$11,399	\$11,352	

4) Amortization expense by function is summarized as follows:

	For the Three Months	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2025	2024	
Operating costs	\$50	\$58	
Selling expenses	41	50	
Administrative expenses	61	46	
Total	\$152	\$154	

w. Interest income

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2025	2024
Interest from bank deposits	\$443	\$781
Interest from financial assets at amortized cost	2,506	2,145
Others	2,045	1,743
Total	\$4,994	\$4,669

x. Other income

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2025 2024		
Others	\$1,886	\$171	

y. Other gains and losses

For the Three Months Ended March 31	
2025	2024
\$1,541	\$5,649
(10,908)	(2,650)
\$(9,367)	\$2,999
	2025 \$1,541 (10,908)

z. Finance costs

	For the Three Months	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2025	2024	
Interest expense:			
Lease liabilities	\$8	\$17	

aa. Income tax benefits (expenses)

The income tax rate applicable to both the years 2025 and 2024 was 20%.

1) Composition of income tax benefits (expenses)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2025	2024
Current income tax benefits (expenses)	\$(62)	\$(153)
Tax on undistributed earnings	(28)	(355)
Basic tax	-	(3,800)
Income tax overestimation (underestimation)		
for previous year	<u> </u>	(13)
Total current income tax	(90)	(4,321)
Deferred income tax benefits (expenses):		_
Origination and reversal of temporary	65	(1,003)
differences		
Income tax benefits (expenses)	\$(25)	\$(5,324)

- 2) Current and deferred income taxes on direct debit or credit interests were both \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.
- 3) Income tax expenses related to components of other comprehensive income were both \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.
- 4) The income tax returns of the Company and its subsidiary, Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd., have been examined and approved by the tax authorities until 2022 and 2023, respectively.

bb. Earnings per share

1) Information on earnings per share

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2025	2024
Basic earnings per share:		
Net income (loss)	\$(11,295)	\$(3,237)
Weighted-average number of outstanding shares		
(unit: thousand shares)	132,641	132,641
Basic earnings per share (NTD)	\$(0.09)	\$(0.02)
Diluted earnings per share:		
Net income (loss)	\$(11,295)	\$(3,237)
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding	132,641	132,641
for diluted earnings per share		
(unit: thousand shares)		
Diluted earnings per share (NTD)	\$(0.09)	\$(0.02)

2) The aforementioned weighted-average number of shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share (unit: thousand shares), the calculation is as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2025	2024
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding	132,641	132,641
for basic earnings per share		
Effect of potentially dilutive common shares:		
Employee compensation		
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding	132,641	132,641
for diluted earnings per share		

The calculation of diluted earnings per share assumes that employee compensation will be paid in the form of stock and is included in the weighted-average number of shares outstanding when the potential common stock has a dilutive effect to calculate diluted earnings per share. The closing price of the potential common stock on the end of the reporting period is used as the basis for determining the number of shares to be issued in the calculation of diluted earnings per share. The dilutive effect of these potential common shares will continue to be considered in the calculation of diluted earnings per share before the Board of Directors resolves to adopt a cash basis for employee compensation payments in the following year.

cc. Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Lease liab	Lease liabilities	
	(including current a	(including current and non-current)	
	2025	2024	
January 1	\$1,939	\$3,662	
Changes in cash flow	(441)	(427)	
March 31	\$1,498	\$3,235	

dd. Seasonality of operations

The operating revenue and profit occur on average, and they are not significantly affected by season.

7. Related Party Transactions

a. Significant related party transactions: None.

b. Key management compensation

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2025 2024		
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$5,377	\$6,300	
Post-employment benefits	30	136	
Total	\$5,407	\$6,436	

The post-employment benefits are the amounts contributed to the pension fund account in accordance with the Labor Pension Act and the pension cost recognised in accordance with the actuarial report.

8. Guaranteed or Pledged Assets

The Group's assets guaranteed as collateral are as follows:

		Carrying amount		
	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024	Usage
Property, plant and equipment:				
Land	\$272,496	\$272,496	\$272,496	Consolidated loan amount guarantee
Buildings	27,594	26,946	28,510	Consolidated loan amount guarantee
Total	\$300,090	\$299,442	\$301,006	

9. <u>Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognised Commitments</u>

As of March 31, 2025, the Group had issued post-dated checks for prepaid rental and purchase payments amounting to \$45,133 and had not yet paid.

10. Significant Disaster Loss: None.

11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date: None.

12. Others

a. Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. Therefore, based on the characteristics of the current operating industry and the expected future development, and taking into account factors such as changes in the external environment, the Group has planned the working capital requirements for future periods and determined the applicable capital structure.

The Group monitors capital by regularly reviewing the debt ratio, which is defined as total equity as shown in the balance sheet.

The Group's strategy for the three months ended March 31, 2025 remained the same as that for 2024, which was to increase liquidity and maintain the debt ratio at an appropriate level. The debt ratio of the Group is as follows:

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Total liabilities	\$210,277	\$186,665	\$170,484
Total assets	2,939,000	2,979,149	2,913,272
Debt ratio	7.15%	6.27%	5.85%

b. Financial instruments

1) Category of financial instruments

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
Financial assets			
Financial assets at fair value			
through profit or loss			
Financial assets mandatorily	\$321,169	\$93,106	\$82,242
measured at fair value through			
profit or loss			
Financial assets at fair value			
through other comprehensive			
Income Equity instruments	390,087	376,232	416,647
Equity instruments Financial assets at amortized cost	390,087	370,232	410,047
Cash and cash equivalents	577,710	837,020	815,673
Financial assets at amortized	605,387	595,387	566,387
cost (Note)	005,507	373,307	300,307
Notes receivable	18,680	23,220	33,143
Accounts receivable	152,884	199,370	170,528
Other receivables	2,408	2,417	1,856
Total	\$2,068,325	\$2,126,752	\$2,086,476
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortized cost			
Payables	\$140,386	\$119,556	\$107,095
Lease liabilities	1,498	1,939	3,235
Total	\$141,884	\$121,495	\$110,330

Note: They are time deposits with original maturity over three months.

- 2) Information on fair value of financial instruments
 - a) Financial instruments not measured at fair value:
 - The carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value and includes cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, financial assets at amortized, notes payable, accounts payable and other payables.
 - ii. The fair value of the lease liabilities was obtained by discounting the amount of the lease contracts at the Group's incremental borrowing rate.
 - b) Please refer to Note 12 c for the information on fair value of financial instruments.
- 3) Financial risk management policies
 - a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to mitigate potential adverse effects on the financial position and financial performance.
 - b) Risk management is carried out in accordance with the policies approved by the Board of Directors. The General Manager's Office is responsible for coordinating the planning, while the Finance Department is responsible for identifying, assessing and avoiding financial risks by working closely with the operating units. The Board of Directors provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, and the investment of excess liquidity.
- 4) Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks
 - a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

i The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currencies, primarity with respect to the US dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.

- The management of the Group has policies in place to manage exchange rate risk of functional currencies. To manage the exchange rate risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities, the Group sets stop-loss points mainly based on risk tolerance and market conditions to control possible losses within the expected range, and therefore should not have significant market risk.
- iii The Group's operations involve non-functional currencies that are subject to exchange rate fluctuations, and information on foreign currency assets and liabilities that are subject to significant exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	March 31, 2025					
	Foreign				Sensitivity analysis	
	currency (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on equity
Financial assets Monetary items (Foreign currency: functional currency) USD: NTD	\$3,706	33.155	\$122,872	1%	\$983	\$-
			Decemb	er 31, 2024		
	Foreign				Sensitivity analysis	
	currency (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on equity
Financial assets Monetary items (Foreign currency: functional currency) USD: NTD	\$3,110	32.735	\$101,809	1%	\$814	\$ -
			March	31, 2024		
	Foreign				Sensitivity analysis	
	currency (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on equity
Financial assets Monetary items (Foreign currency: functional currency)						
USD: NTD	\$3,579	31.950	\$114,349	1%	\$915	\$-

iv Non-functional currencies are aggregated to disclose information on significant items of exchange gains or losses

The net exchange (losses) gains on monetary assets that were significantly affected by exchange rate fluctuations were \$1,541 and \$5,649 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Price risk

The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its investment portfolio in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

The Group's investments in equity instruments issued by domestic listed companies, domestic non-public companies and open-end funds. The prices of equity instruments are affected by the uncertainty of the future value of the underlying investments. If the price of these equity instruments had increased or decreased by 1%, with all other factors held constant, pre-tax net income would have increased or decreased by \$3,212 and \$822 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and other comprehensive income would have increased or decreased by \$3,901 and \$4,166, respectively.

Interest rate risk

The Group had no borrowing facilities as of March 31, 2025, December 31 and March 31, 2024, and therefore had no significant interest rate risk.

b) Credit risk

- Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss resulting from the failure of customers or counter-parties to financial instruments to meet their contractual obligations. The Group's credit risk arises primarily from the failure of counterparties to settle accounts receivable on collection terms and from contractual cash flows from investments in debt instruments classified as measured at amortized cost.
- The Group's credit risk management is based on a group perspective. Only banks and financial institutions with an independent credit rating of at least Standard & Poor's BBB level will be accepted as trading counterparties. In accordance with an internally defined credit policy, each operating entity within the Group and each new customer are required to manage and analyze their credit risk before setting the terms and conditions for payment and delivery. Internal risk controls are used to assess the creditworthiness of customers by considering their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are established by the Board of Directors based on internal or external evaluations, and the use of credit limits is monitored regularly.
- iii The Group has adopted the following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
 - (1) A financial asset is considered to be subject to a significant increase in credit risk upon initial recognition when the contractual payments are more than 30 days past due in accordance with the contractual terms.
 - (2) Investments in bonds traded on the OTC are considered to have low credit risk if they are rated as investment grade by any external rating agency as of the end of the reporting period.

- (3) When an investment target with an independent credit rating is downgraded by two notches, the Group determines that the underlying credit risk of the investment target has increased significantly.
- iv The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable and applies the modified approach using provision matrix to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- v The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (1) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (2) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (3) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (4) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to default.
- vi The Group estimated the allowance for losses on accounts receivable based on the loss rate established based on historical and timely information for a specific period, with an expected loss rate range of 0.4% to 100%.
- vii Movement of loss allowance for receivable are as follows:

2025

	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Total
January 1	\$235	\$1,203	\$1,438
Reversal of impairment	(46)	(182)	(228)
loss			
March 31	\$189	\$1,021	\$1,210

2024

	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Total
January 1	\$567	\$1,149	\$1,716
Reversal of impairment	(232)	(116)	(348)
loss			
March 31	\$335	\$1,033	\$1,368

viii The total carrying amounts of investments in debt instruments measured at amortized cost for the current credit risk rating mechanism and credit-rated debt instruments were as follows:

Credit rating	Definition	Expected credit losses recognition basis	Carrying amount as of March 31, 2025	Carrying amount as of December 31, 2024	Carrying amount as of March 31, 2024
Normal	The credit risk of the debtor is minimal and the debtor has sufficient capacity to settle the contractual cash flows	12-month expected credit loss	\$605,387	\$595,387	\$566,387
Doubtful	Credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition	Lifetime expected credit loss (uncredited impairment)	-	-	-
In default	Evidence of credit impairment is available	Lifetime expected credit loss (credited impairment)	-	-	-
Write-off	Evidence that the debtor is in serious financial difficulty and that the Group has no reasonable expectation of recovery	Direct write-off	-	-	-

The Group's investments in debt instruments measured at amortized cost consist of time deposits with original maturity over three months. The credit ratings of the issuers are approximately Standard & Poor's BBB level or higher, and the risk of credit loss is expected to be minimal and is therefore measured at the amount invested.

c) Liquidity risk

- i Cash flow forecasts are performed by each operating unit within the Group and aggregated by the finance unit, which monitors the forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient funds to meet operating needs.
- The Group invests surplus funds in excess of working capital management requirements in interest-bearing demand deposits, time deposits and marketable securities in instruments selected to have appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to meet the above projections and to provide sufficient level of dispatch. As of March 31, 2025, December 31 and March 31, 2024, please refer to Note 6 for the description of each financial asset for the amounts held in these instruments and they are expected generate immediate cash flows to manage liquidity risk.
- The following table presents the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, grouped by the relevant maturity date and analysed based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date, expressed in undiscounted amounts.

March 31, 2025

Non-derivative financial liabilities	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Notes payable	\$22,598	\$-	\$-	<u> </u>	\$22,598
Accounts payable	8,528	-	-	-	8,528
Other payables	109,260	-	-	-	109,260
Lease liabilities	1,509	-	-	-	1,509

December 31, 2024

Non-derivative financial liabilities	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Notes payable	\$26,982	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$26,982
Accounts payable	9,753	-	-	-	9,753
Other payables	82,821	-	-	-	82,821
Lease liabilities	1,807	151	-	-	1,958

March 31, 2024

Non-derivative financial liabilities	Within 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Notes payable	\$20,256	<u>\$-</u>	\$-	<u> </u>	\$20,256
Accounts payable	9,043	-	-	-	9,043
Other payables	77,796	-	-	-	77,796
Lease liabilities	1,782	1,509	-	-	3,291

The Group does not expect the timing of the cash flows for the maturity analysis to occur significantly earlier or the actual amounts to be significantly different.

c. Fair value

- 1) Please refer to Note 12 b for the fair value information of financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value.
- 2) Please refer to Note 6 j for the fair value information of investment properties measured at cost.
- 3) The following table presents the valuation techniques adopted for the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments. The definitions of the different levels are as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

4) The financial instruments measured at fair value as of March 31, 2025, December 31 and March 31, 2024, based on the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and the fair value by level, were classified as follows:

March 31, 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets: Recurring fair value				
Financial assets at fair				
value through profit or				
loss	Ф 2 (4 750	Ф	Ф	Φ264.750
Equity instruments Beneficiary certificate	\$264,750 56,419	\$-	\$-	\$264,750 56,419
Subtotal	321,169			321,169
Financial assets at fair	221,109			021,103
value through other				
comprehensive income	11 522		279 565	200.097
Equity instruments Total	11,522 \$332,691	-	378,565 \$378,565	390,087 \$711,256
Total	ψ332,071	Ψ	Ψ370,303	Ψ/11,230
<u>December 31, 2024</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets: Recurring fair value				
Financial assets at fair				
value through profit or				
loss Equity instruments	\$36,900	\$-	\$-	\$36,900
Equity instruments Beneficiary certificate	56,206	φ-	ф- -	56,206
Subtotal	93,106			93,106
Financial assets at fair				
value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments	12,621		363,611	376,232
Total	\$105,727	<u>\$-</u>	\$363,611	\$469,338
March 31, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Recurring fair value				
Financial assets at fair				
value through profit or loss				
Equity instruments	\$26,640	\$-	\$-	\$26,640
Beneficiary certificate	55,602			55,602
Subtotal Financial assets at fair	82,242	-	-	82,242
value through other				
comprehensive income				
Equity instruments	16,563		400,084	416,647
Total	\$98,805	<u>\$-</u>	\$400,084	\$498,889

- 5) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are follows:
 - a) The instrument the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values are listed below by characteristics:

	Stocks from listed	Open end funds
	companies	
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net assets value

- b) The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. A market is considered active when quotations are readily and regularly available from a stock exchange, dealer, broker, industry, valuation service or regulator, and when such quotations represent actual and regular market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market prices of financial assets held by the Group are closing prices, and these instruments are classified as Level 1. Level 1 instruments consist primarily of equity instruments and debt instruments, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss or financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- c) The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques will make as much use of observable market data as possible and rely as little as possible on firm-specific estimates. A financial instrument is classified as Level 2 if all significant inputs required to calculate the fair value of the instrument are observable.
- d) A financial instrument is classified as Level 3 if one or more significant parameters are not based on observable markets. The Group's holdings of shares issued by non-public companies are valued using the market approach, based on the trading prices of comparable targets in an active market, taking into account the difference between the valuation targets and comparable targets, and using an appropriate multiplier to estimate the value of the valuation targets, adjusted for the effect of discount for lack of marketability. They belong to financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- e) Specific valuation techniques used to evaluate financial instruments include:
 - i Publicly quoted prices or dealer prices for the same type of instrument.
 - ii Other valuation techniques are used to determine the fair value of the remaining financial instruments, such as discounted cash flow analysis.
- f) Transfer between Level 1 and 2

There was no transfer between Level 1 and 2 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

g) The movement of Level 3 is as follows:

	comprehensive income-non-current Equity instruments without public quotation				
_					
	2025	2024			
January 1	\$363,611	\$349,980			
Recognised in other comprehensive income (Listed as "unrealised gains (losses) from equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income")	14,954	50,104			
March 31	\$378,565	\$400,084			

Financial assets at fair value through other

- h) The Group's valuation process for fair value classification in Level 3 uses an external professional appraiser to evaluate the independent fair value of the financial instruments. The results of the evaluation approximate market conditions through independent and objective source information, and are reevaluated periodically on an annual basis to update the input values, information and any other necessary fair value adjustments required by the valuation model to ensure that the valuation results are reasonable.
- i) The quantitative information and sensitivity analysis for the significant unobservable inputs in Level 3 of the fair value are as follows:

March 31, 2025

Item	Valuation technique		Significant nobservable input value information		elationship between input to fair value		Sensitivity analysis
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Stocks from non- listed companies	Market comparable companies	1.	Liquidity discount rate 25%	1.	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value	1.	If the liquidity discount rate increases/decreases by 1%, the equity will decrease/increase by \$5,036
		2.	Price-Book ratio multiplier 0.77∼ 1.53	2.	The higher the multiplier, the higher the fair value	2.	If the multiplier increases/decreases by 1%, the equity will increase/decrease by \$3,797

<u>December 31, 2024</u>

Item	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input value information	Relationship between input to fair value	Sensitivity analysis
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Stocks from non- listed companies	Market comparable companies	Liquidity discount rate 25%	1. The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value	1. If the liquidity discount rate increases/decreases by 1%, the equity will decrease/increase by \$4,792
		2. Price-Book ratio multiplier 0.80∼1.69	2. The higher the multiplier, the higher the fair value	2. If the multiplier increases/decreases by 1%, the equity will increase/decrease by \$3,691
March 31, 2024				
Item Financial assets at fair	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input value information	Relationship between input to fair value	Sensitivity analysis
value through other comprehensive income Stocks from non- listed companies	Market comparable companies	Liquidity discount rate 25%	1. The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value	1. If the liquidity discount rate increases/decreases by 1%, the equity will decrease/increase by \$5,375
		2. Price-Book ratio multiplier 0.94∼ 1.54	2. The higher the multiplier, the higher the fair value	2. If the multiplier increases/decreases by 1%, the equity will increase/ decrease by \$3,961

13. Supplementary Disclosures

- a. Information on significant transactions and
- b. <u>Information on investees</u>

Number	Item	Table
1	Lending funds to others	None
2	Providing endorsements or guarantees for others	None
3	Holding of significant marketable securities at the end of the period (excluding the portion held due to investment in a subsidiary or an associate, and the portion held due to an interest in a joint venture)	Table 1
4	Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20 percent of paid-in capital or more	None
5	Accounts receivable from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20 percent of paid-in capital or more	None
6	Names, locations and other information of investee companies (excluding investees in Mainland China)	Table 2
7	The business relationship between the parent and the subsidiaries and between each subsidiary, and the circumstances and amounts of any significant transactions between them	None

c. <u>Information on investments in Mainland China</u>: None.

14. Segment Information

The Group is in the textile industry and its main business is the processing and trading of artificial fibers. The nature, manufacturing process and marketing methods of its related products are similar, and its performance and resource allocation are measured by a single operating department, so information on operating departments is not disclosed separately.

Table 1 Holding of significant marketable securities at the end of the period (excluding the portion held due to investment in a subsidiary or an associate, and the portion held due to an interest in a joint venture)

	Madadala Carritia Ton	Relationship with the Securities						
Investing Company	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Issuer	Financial Statement Account	Shares (in thousands)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership	Fair Value	Note
Hong Yi Fiber	Franklin Templeton SinoAm Money Market Fund/Beneficiary Certificate	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,181	\$12,779	_	\$12,779	
Hong Yi Fiber	FSITC Taiwan Money Market Fund/Beneficiary Certificate	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	83	1,325	_	1,325	
Hong Yi Fiber	Jih Sun Money Market Fund/Beneficiary Certificate	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	2,500	38,822	_	38,822	
Hong Yi Fiber	Pou Chen/Stock	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	3,750	132,375	0.13%	132,375	
Hong Yi Fiber	Universal Textile/Stock	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	758	11,522	0.58%	11,522	
Hong Yi Fiber	Li Jin Engineering/Stock	Hongbang Investment is the director of the Company	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	9,459	192,310	6.31%	192,310	
Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	Franklin Templeton SinoAm Money Market Fund/Beneficiary Certificate	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	323	3,493	_	3,493	
Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	Pou Chen/Stock	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	3,750	132,375	0.13%	132,375	
Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	Li Jin Engineering/Stock	Hongbang Investment is the	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	7,194	146,258	4.80%	146,258	
Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	Hongxin Construction/Stock	_	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	2,200	28,842	3.67%	28,842	
Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	Yi Tong Fiber/Stock		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	283	11,155	0.64%	11,155	

Table 2 Names, locations and other information of investee companies (excluding investees in Mainland China)

	Investee Location		Initial Investment Amount Bala		Balance	as of March	31, 2025	Net Income	Investment		
Investor		Location	Main Business Activities	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	Shares (in thousands)	Percentage	Carrying Amount	(Loss) of the Investee	Investment Income (loss)	Note
Hong Yi Fiber	Hong Bang Investment Co., Ltd.	R.O.C.	Investment	\$400,000	\$400,000	40,000	100%	\$500,182	\$(5,894)	\$(5,894)	